

PROGRAM LEADER SESSION GUIDE

7-9 YEAR OLDS



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Introduction to

MiniRoos Kick-Off

Did you know? MiniRoos Kick-Off:

- is football designed especially for children;
- allows freedom of expression for players, as there are no set positions;
- · helps develop fundamental movement skills;
- maintains a strong focus on maximum participation and enjoyment; and
- provides opportunities for individuals to develop ball skills.

Football is one of the world's most popular sports and is played in more than 200 countries. It is a simple game requiring only a ball. Football is fully inclusive, catering for both male and female participants, regardless of age, gender, cultural background, religion or ability.

MiniRoos Kick-Off is a games-based football program that provides boys and girls aged 4 to 9 with a fun introduction to the world game.

MiniRoos Kick-Off is football designed for kids; it is all about having fun, learning new skills and making friends. There are fewer players in a team and the playing area is smaller. This means players have more contact with the ball and are more active due to playing both attacking and defensive roles within a game.

This MiniRoos Kick-Off Program Leader manual consists of twelve (12) sequential, game-based Sessions suitable for children aged 7-9, of all abilities. It is based on Football Federation Australia's MiniRoos program, where the focus is on enjoyment and participation. The sessions are designed to help people with minimal experience in football to deliver fun, inclusive games, in line with the Game Sense philosophy of program leadering.

The sessions promote a facilitated approach to program leadering. The games can be replicated on a smaller scale, with the children in groups, setting up their game and managing it themselves. This provides the Program Leader with the opportunity to observe and ensure that all players are having fun, while being actively involved in a safe environment, and to provide discrete program leadering where necessary.

Program Leaders are encouraged to match the game with the ability of the players and 'CHANGE IT' or replace the game completely.

Each SESSION is 45 minutes in length and consists of three sections:

BEGINNING

Games to warm up the players and introduce a skill or movement.

MIDDLE

Minor games to focus on skill development, usually followed by a Small-sided game.

END

Low-intensity, concluding activities followed by a quick review, to allow the Program Leader and players to provide feedback about the skills and games that were played.

How to use this Manual

Be Flexible

Use the session plans as a guide. Each session will throw up its own set of unique challenges and issues, so be flexible in your delivery and be willing to change your session to cater to the circumstance presented.

The 'suggested changes' are only suggestions, they may not be relevant to the particular group of children you are working with. Think outside the square and modify your games however you see fit to ensure players are achieving the objective.

Don't be afraid to ask players for feedback. They will tell you if they like the game they are playing or not. Be willing and ready to change the game if needed.

Be Prepared

Before you start your sessions make sure you have read the session plan and considered what you might do, should things not go according to plan.

After you conduct your first session you will have a greater understanding of the ability of your participants and will be better placed to prepare for the next 5 or more sessions.

Always keep a couple of extra games up your sleeve (that you have used before and know the players enjoy) and be prepared to use them should the session plan not be working effectively.

Remember – If they are having fun, they are all involved and there are opportunities to repeat the desired skill, you are succeeding!

IF DURING THE SESSION....

There is laughte

Every child is involved at all times

Every child is experiencing some sense of achievement

AND AT THE END OF THE SESSION

They are all smiling

They have all received several high fives

They have all made contact with a ball between 50-100 times

...YOU HAVE ACHIEVED YOUR OBJECTIVE.

How you get there is up to you. This session guide provides just one set of options.



Tips for delivering MiniRoos Kick-Off

- 1. Try to minimise stoppages and maximise enjoyment;
- 2. Encourage the use of both feet at all times;
- 3. Ensure that there is a maximum involvement at all times;
- 4. Create safe and appropriate methods of defending where 'tackling' may be an issue;
- Instruct players to stop and place their foot on the ball when the signal is given, to ensure players can listen without distraction;
- Use demonstrators and keep instructions to less than 30 seconds, to ensure players are quickly engaged in the activity;
- Different team sizes, for example 4 v 3, can be used to equalise the effects of different player abilities;
- 8. Use games and quick activities to form groups and teams. Avoid nominating two players as captains to choose teams — no-one likes being the last person picked;
- Replicate games on a smaller scale to provide maximum participation. Three games of 3v3 are preferred to one game of 9v9; and
- 10. LET THEM PLAY!

Golden Rules of Safety

- Encourage participants to keep the ball safely on the ground during activities and promote positive behaviours.
- Program Managers and Program Leaders have a legal responsibility to provide a duty of care to participants; this includes ensuring players are directly supervised at all times;
- Ensure that the playing area is free of hazards and is a safe distance away from walls and fixed objects;
- Remind players to look out for others and to look ahead in tagging games;
- 5. Ensure there is a safe distance between groups of players;
- 6. Ensure all equipment is appropriate, safe and working correctly;
- 7. Most acts of contact or misconduct at this level are caused by lack of coordination, with no intent. In these cases try and give the advantage to the attacking team and continue play; and
- 8. Stop the activity if you observe dangerous play and explain what is appropriate and expected.



Skill Development: Basic Skills

FFA National Curriculum - 4 Core Skills

Passing the ball	This includes all forms of striking the ball such as short/long passing; shooting and crossing.
Running with the ball	At speed (with a lot of space) or 'dribbling' (in tight areas), this includes techniques for protecting the ball and changing direction.
1v1	All moves, feints and accelerations to get past and away from an opponent.
First Touch	Controlling the ball with all allowed body parts.

These 4 Core Skills cover 95% of the actions of any outfield player when in possession of the ball during a game of football. The other 5% consists of actions such as heading and throw-ins.

Skill Development: What to look for?

As a Program Leader it is your responsibility to ensure that sessions are:

- Safe (physically, emotionally, socially);
- Fun (games-based, inclusive, engaging); and
- Objective Oriented (opportunities for embedded skill repetition).

OBSERVE	WHAT IS HAPPENING	CHANGE IT
Is the session objective being	Game is too easy	Add rules that increase the challenge
achieved?	Skills required	Change team numbers
Are all players involved?	being performed with little effort	to make it harder to score
Are there lots of opportunities	Little interest or motivation	Decrease size of area to challenge players
for players to practise the desired skill?	Game is too difficult	Simplify rules to reduce challenge
• Is it safe?	Players are not managing to	Change number of players so players get
 Do all players understand the game? Is the game too easy, too hard or 	perform required skill	more touches on the ball
	Poor levels of possession	Create multiple scoring options
	Game is too one-sided	Swap players around to balance teams
	Not all players are getting a go	Introduce rules that promote game equality
	One team dominating	Modify area to restrict dominant players

WHAT TO LOOK FOR?

Examples:

- (Observation) Are players completing passes accurately?. (What is happening) The distance between players is too big causing them to focus on power rather than accuracy. (Change it) Move players closer together, demonstrate successful pass accuracy, introduce points for successful passes.
- 2. (Observation) Is everyone getting involved in the 5v5 game?. (What is happening) Two or Three players have not touched the ball much and are finding it difficult to get involved. (Change it) Modify the area to create zones that contain limited players in each, increase the size of the area, split the game into a 2v2 and a 3v3 activity.

Game Sense - what is it?

Key Concepts

Game Sense is an approach to skill development that uses well designed games rather than drills to introduce the skills and tactics of the particular sport or structured physical activity being delivered. Each session is designed purposefully, so that the games progressively introduce and develop the particular skill that is the focus of the session.

The game is the focus

Players develop sporting skills and tactics by playing fun games rather than traditional drills.

Coach is a facilitator

The Program Leader sets challenges for the players to find solutions through games rather than instructing players on how to perform a skill.

Player role modelling

Program Leaders use players during the game to demonstrate good technique and skilful play.

Discrete coaching

Allows players needing extra assistance to be discretely coached on the side in an un-obtrusive way while the game is in progress.

Involve the players

Program Leaders should seek feedback from players throughout the session to gauge their level of understanding and interest.

"CHANGE IT"

Vary any one or more of the following game elements to maximise participation and better meet player needs and game objectives.

It is more important to remember the concept of "CHANGE IT" than to remember what each letter represents.

If it's not working... "CHANGE IT"

C – COACHING STYLE	The way a Program Leader behaves and communicates with their players is critical in maintaining interest and creating a fun environment. Know your audience and adapt accordingly.
H – HOW TO SCORE	Removing goal keepers and adding extra goals are examples of how you can help provide more opportunities for players to score. Higher success equals higher enjoyment.
A – AREA	Change the size of the playing area to make the game easier or harder depending on your observations and the objective.
N – NUMBERS	If there are long lines or games where only a few players are actively involved at a time, split the group so that you have 2 games with less numbers involved in each. Fewer players equal more touches on the ball.
G – GAME RULES	Modify game rules to help players achieve the objective and to ensure everyone is involved. '2 passes before you can score' is an example of a rule change aimed at increasing involvement.
E - EQUIPMENT	Changing the size of the goals or adding an extra ball to a game are examples of using equipment modifications to change the game.
_ INCLUSION	Make changes to ensure that everyone in your session is included, having fun and achieving success.
Т - ТІМЕ	Use time as a tool to increase intensity and create a sense of urgency. '10 seconds to go!'

WHAT IS COACHING KIDS ALL ABOUT?

Not so long ago, children learned football by playing the game on the street or in the park, for hours, making their own rules. It was free play – with no adults to interfere – and they played because they enjoyed it.

For a host of reasons, street football has virtually disappeared. The challenge today for grassroots football deliverers is to recreate that environment of fun and freedom and deliver the learning foundation that street football used to provide.

We believe that this fun and free approach to coaching will give thousands of young players' enjoyable football experiences, and hopefully foster a love and passion for the game that will last a lifetime.

This approach will help us produce more creative players who can make a difference in a game that people love to watch.

ENJOYMENT IS THE THING, NOT WINNING!

When children are training or playing games against other teams they need a fun environment where they can play without pressure. The game result, for younger players, should be irrelevant.

If the emphasis is on winning matches or the competition, the development process is doomed to failure and the fun of junior play is replaced by the pressures and frustrations of adult football. Winning is a poor indicator of individual development as each player learns and matures at different rates. A study of youth sport values showed that the most important values were:

- · enjoyment;
- · personal achievement .

'WINNING' WAS THE LEAST IMPORTANT VALUE.

The junior Program Leader must value, above all else, the individual development and welfare of every single player. Research has shown that the emphasis should be on the child experiencing fun and excitement. Children at this age are still sampling many sports and activities; MiniRoos Kick-Off Program Leaders can have an impact on which sport the child will choose.

LEADING FUN SESSIONS

Perhaps the first and most important step is to take the word 'coach' out of your mind. Your role is summed up in the above title – see yourself as a leader of fun, safe and engaging practices.

It is a mistake, made far too often, for children's 'coaches' to imitate the coaches they see on television. In fairness, these are usually the only models there are to copy, but unfortunately, the job of a high-profile coach in a professional team bears no resemblance to the job of a kids' coach. The Program Leader is more akin to a children's entertainer than a master tactician.

As soon as you think of yourself as a 'leader', or a 'facilitator of learning', you start to see the role in its true light.

Your job is to plan and organise safe, fun practices. And \ldots let them play!

This book will help you select practices that have a role in the long-term development of young players. The practice is the teacher, and the kids will learn from the experiences provided.

Remember that teaching young players and watching them develop can give the same, if not greater, satisfaction as winning trophies and medals with senior players.

WHAT TOOLS DO I NEED?

There is a range of tools that all football Program Leaders requires. At this level, the two main tools needed are personal skills and organisation skills.

PERSONAL SKILLS

Be enthusiastic

If you look like you are having a good time, it will generally follow that the kids will have a good time. Try to show the children that there is no place you would rather be than on the field with them.

Be friendly

The kids need to feel that you are on their side, as a friend as well as a mentor. Make sure you greet every player on arrival and say goodbye to every player when they leave, thanking them for their efforts in the session.

Show your sense of humour

Fun is the key word; young players are not preparing for the World Cup, so let them enjoy themselves. Letting the children see you laugh is a great way of showing them you are a warm, likeable person. Try 'beat the Program Leader' activities: you try to tag them in a square; you go in the goal and they try to score past you; or suggest that 'If you score ten goals in three minutes, I'll have to sprint to the halfway line and back'. (The kids ALWAYS win).

Respect every individual

Children need to feel valued, which helps them develop selfconfidence during this key phase of their social growth.

Give lots of praise

Praise is not only given for doing something well; it is also one of the greatest motivators for young players.

Encourage after mistakes

Program Leaders of youngsters should never see the kids' errors or mistakes as negatives. Everything that happens is a learning experience. Young players can learn just as much from a miskick or loss of possession as from a successful shot at goal.

Display excellent social skills

Your behaviour is usually imitated by children, so make sure you are a good role model. Be polite, respectful, calm and no pressure. Communicate with each player individually, and talk regularly to their parents.

Be patient

Training with younger age groups can be frustrating at times, so remember that patience is a virtue. Don't have unrealistic expectations – expect things to go wrong. Usually, it's not their intent to stop things working, it's just their age!

ORGANISATIONAL SKILLS

Plan practice sessions in advance

Use the session guides and activities provided in this manual and add in any other games you think will be relevant to your playing group. It is always better to have more planned than less.

Arrive early and set up your area

A player's time and effort are priceless resources, don't waste them! You should never leave kids standing around or filling in time while you move cones to set up the next practice area.

Give clear instructions

The experienced Program Leader will wait until everyone is listening before giving instructions. Then, you should speak in a loud, clear voice accompanied by distinct hand/arm signals. You might say, for instance: 'those of you in red bibs, stand up. When I give you the signal, move into that square there'.

Demonstrate quickly and efficiently

Remember that a good demonstration saves a lot of talking. There is also nothing wrong with using one or more players from your

group to show the others what they need to do. Get the group active as soon as possible.

Keep the session flowing

Young children have short attention spans. Keep them interested by regularly changing the activity, and build this factor into your session plan.

Group Management Tips

Clearly define your playing area

Use colour coded markers and cones to clearly identify boundaries and goals. This will help you explain your activities using visual cues.

"Can everyone see the red square? That is area we are playing in. The green markers at each end are the goals"

Avoid long lines (3 or more players)

Children need to be involved and engaged in order to maintain interest. Standing at the end of the line for too long will cause a child to get frustrated and bored. This is also time they could be spending working on the desired skill.

No elimination games

Elimination games are a big 'no-no'. Generally speaking, the same children will get eliminated early on in the game, every time. Not only does this affect their confidence in a negative way, they are also starved of valuable playing time that can be used to improve performance.

Organised chaos is a good thing

If players are running around like crazy, balls are flying everywhere and the sound of laughter fills the air, your session is going well. All you have to do is steer the ship so that ALL players are continuing to achieve the objective.



SESSION	BEGINNING	MIDDLE	END
SESSION 1	Here! There! Nowhere! Football Juggling	Dribblers and Robbers Back to Back	Football Marbles What did you like?
SESSION 2	Cross the Bridge Rob the Nest	Krazykeeper Four Goal Football	Football Juggling Let's see it!
SESSION 3	Fox and Geese Tag Pairs Passing	Space Invaders MiniRoos Football	Number Change Let's see it!
SESSION 4	Circle Chase	Boundary Pass Tricky Goal Lines 4v4 Football	What did you learn?
SESSION 5	All in Tag Tunnel Pass	Change Football Four Sided football	Defenders and Strikers What did you like?
SESSION 6 (or final session)	Octopus Football Program Leader Says	Skittle Football MiniRoos Football	Untie the Knot Where to from here?
SESSION 7	Look out for others Form a Group Pass, Pass, Pass	Shuttle Pass Pass World Record Keep the Ball	What did you like?
SESSION 8	Partner Tag Rob the Nest	King of Passing Skittle Football	Strike Football What did you learn?
SESSION 9	Fish in the Net Marker Dodge	Chase the Dribbler Kick 4 And Go	Cross the Bridge Let's see it!
SESSION 10	Flip It Football Juggling Follow the Ball	Bombard End Zone	What did you learn?
SESSION 11	Octopus Football Dribble and Steal	Dribblers and Robbers Boundary Pass Four Goal Football	What's ahead?
FINAL SESSION	Pairs Passing	MiniRoos Football (mini world cup)	Where to from here?



SESSION 1

OBJECTIVE

Experience a high number of touches on the ball and get to 'know their ball'.

The basic skills including: change of pace and direction: learn to enjoy the game of forms.

Develop the basic skills including: change of pace and direction; learn to enjoy the game of football through self-discovery, experimentation and personal achievement.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30)
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Here! There! Nowhere! (5 minutes) Football Juggling (5 minutes) Dribblers and Robbers (10 minutes) Back to Back (15 minutes) Football Marbles (5 minutes) What did you like? (5 minutes)
	What did you like: (5 minutes)





On a call from the Program Leader, players run with their football towards the Program Leader ('Here!'), away from the Program Leader ('There!') or perform toe taps on the spot ('Nowhere!').

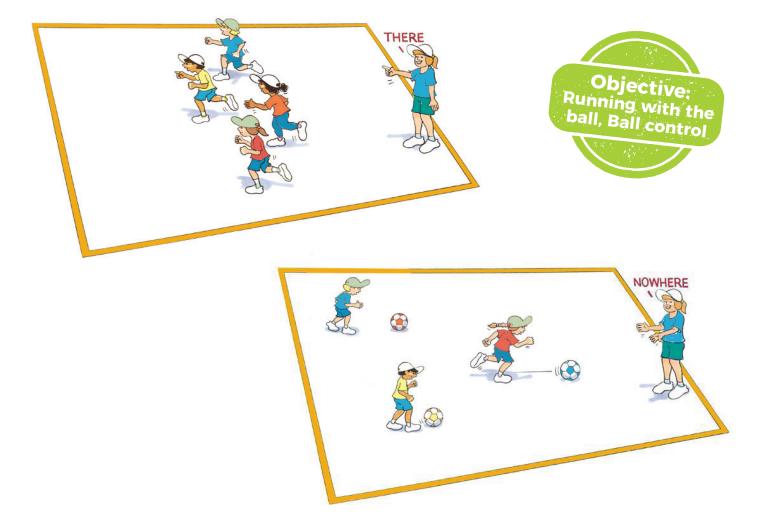
SESSION 1

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 1 football per player

Setting Up • Establish a large playing area to encourage running (dribbling) with the ball. Playing • Start without the ball at first, then introduce a ball for every player after a few turns; • You explain the actions then make random calls that the players follow: • 'Here!' – all players run with the ball toward you; • 'There!' – all players run with their ball away from you in the direction they are pointing; • 'Nowhere!' – all players stand on the spot and alternately tap the ball with the balls of their feet (toe taps). WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players able to maintain control of the ball whilst dribbling? • Players must touch the ball every 1 or 2 steps; • Use both feet when dribbling.





Players with a football experiment with different ways to juggle the ball using various parts of their body.

SESSION 1

EQUIPMENT

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

• 1 ball per player

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • All players have a ball and spread out randomly in the playing area. Playing • Demonstrate how to drop the ball on the ground, lightly kick it and catch it; • Ask 'how many times can you drop, kick and catch your ball in a row?'; • Players can experiment with different types of juggling including: - Drop onto thigh and catch; - Foot to foot; - Try using both feet.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are players achieving success? Is it too hard or too easy?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	 Players to attempt to kick the ball no higher than eye level; Players to drop the ball straight onto their foot; Try and use both feet.









Players (dribblers) with a football move around the area. One or two players are robbers and attempt to intercept dribblers' balls without making body contact.

SESSION 1

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

SUGGESTED

CHANGES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 1 football per player

Setting Up One or two players are robbers and start without a ball. All other players (dribblers) spread out in the playing area with a ball each. Program Leader can start as robber to ensure game success. Playing On your signal, robbers attempt to win possession of a player's ball; When a robber wins possession of a ball, they score a point and give the ball back to the dribbler; Robbers cannot steal the ball from the same dribbler twice in a row; Play continues until you call 'Time!'; Robbers count total score at the end of the game. WHAT TO LOOK FOR Are players keeping control of the ball? Is it too easy for the robbers?

• Increase/decrease the number of robbers:

• Change the size of the area to create more space for dribblers.







On 'Go!' players standing back to back run around a marker on their goal line then attempt to run the football over their opponent's goal line to score a point. Play in groups of 2 to 4.

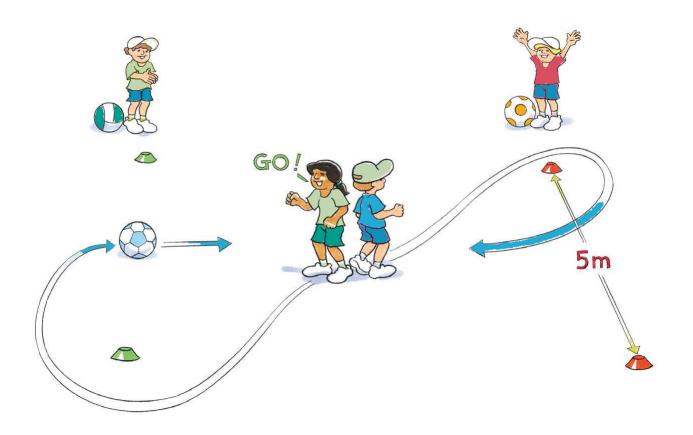
SESSION 1

EQUIPMENT

• MIDDLE / 15 MINUTES

• 1 football per pair, a set of marker cones

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · Pairs with a ball collect four marker cones to create their goal lines (Program Leader will need to help set this up for younger groups); · A ball is placed on a goal line at one end of the pitch; • Pairs start back to back in the middle of their pitch. · When the player facing the ball calls out 'Gol' both players run to opposite ends of their pitch and around a marker cone; • The player who was facing the ball collects it and attempts to run with the ball over their opponent's goal line to score a point; • Players take turns facing the ball and calling 'Go!' WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Do attackers have control of the ball when they score? • Is it too hard for the attacker to pass the defender? **SUGGESTED** · Defenders can only move laterally; **CHANGES** · Attackers must stop the ball on the line to score; • After a few turns, have players change partners.





Players in pairs attempt to score as many 'ball hits' as they can in a row by passing their football to make contact with their partner's ball.

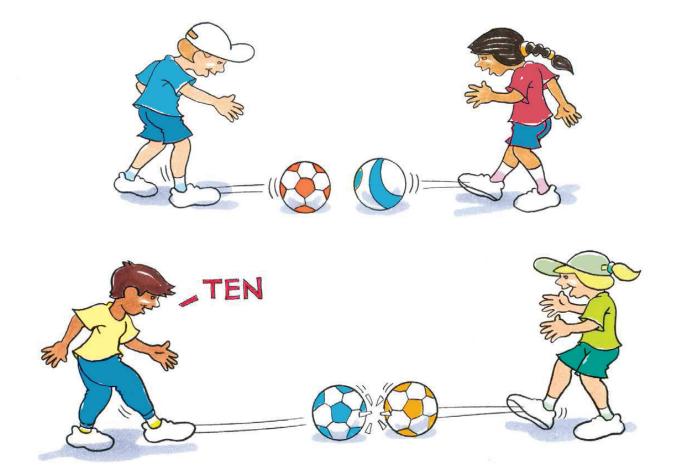
SESSION 1

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 1 football per player

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Players in pairs, with a ball each, face each other one metre apart. • Players take turns to pass their ball to make contact with their partner's ball; · Scoring options: - the pair with the highest amount of 'ball hits' in a row wins; - pairs can attempt to beat their own score; or - the team with the highest number of 'ball hits' wins. WHAT TO LOOK FOR Are players getting lots of opportunities to succeed? · Are all players engaged? · Highlight those that are using their instep with success. **SUGGESTED** • Players can take a step back after a certain number of 'hits'; **CHANGES** • Players to try using their non-dominant foot.





The Program Leader asks players about the games to receive feedback.

SESSION 1

• END / 5 MINUTES





SESSION 2

OBJECTIVE

Practise the skill of running with the ball while keeping their heads up.

Develop the skill of passing the ball and continue moving.

Participate in a Small-sided game with many opportunities to score goals

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual	
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres	
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes; 2 pop up goals per pitch (optional)	
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Cross the Bridge (5 minutes) Rob the Nest (5 minutes) Krazykeeper (10 minutes) Four Goal Football (15 minutes) Football Juggling (5 minutes) Let's see it! (5 minutes) Let's see it! (5 minutes) These are just as important	





Players with a football each attempt to 'cross the bridge' by running with their ball over the opposite goal line. The bridge is guarded by a troll who attempts to gain possession of a player's ball.

Start with Program Leader as the Troll.

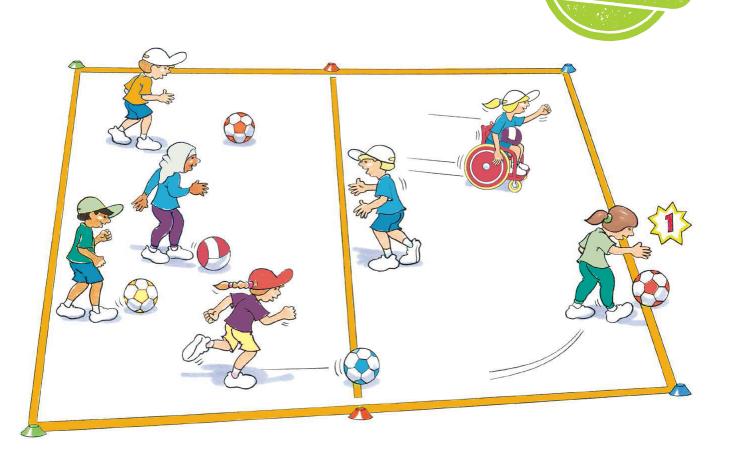
SESSION 2

• BEGINNING / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 1 football per player

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • One player starts as the troll; • All other players start with a ball along the goal line. **Playing** • On the troll's signal, players attempt to cross the bridge by running with their ball; • The troll attempts to gain possession of a player's ball before they reach the opposite goal line; • The player who loses possession of their ball changes place with the troll; · Scoring: - one point = player runs with the ball successfully over the goal line. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players keeping the ball under control? · Are all players achieving success? **SUGGESTED** · Add an extra Troll to increase challenge; **CHANGES** · Add bonus points for tricks and turns.





Players work in small groups. One player from each group runs to a central point to collect one ball at a time and dribbles the ball back to their team-mates at their base and then tags the next player.

The aim is to collect the most number of balls.

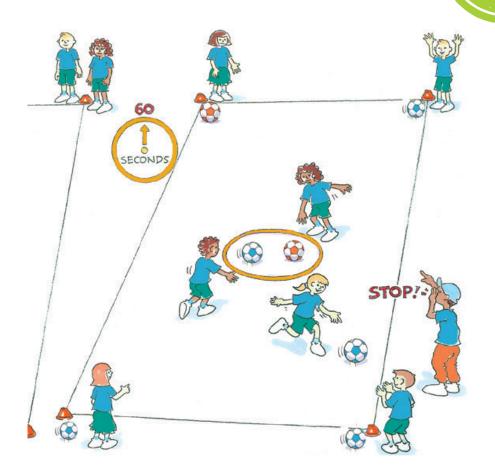
SESSION 2

EQUIPMENT

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

• Marker cones to define playing area, as many footballs as possible (10+)

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Form 4 equal groups, positioning 1 group on each corner of the playing field; • Place a pile of footballs in the centre of the playing area. **Playing** • On the starting whistle, one player at a time from each group runs out and collects a ball and dribbles it back to their group; • Once a player has returned with a ball, the next player may run out and collect another ball. Keep playing until all balls are gone; • The group with the most balls at the end is the winner; · As a progression, allow players to steal from other groups once all the balls in the middle are gone. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players dribbling with their heads up? · Are all players engaged? **SUGGESTED** • Increase the size of the area; **CHANGES** • Players can pass to their corner after a short dribble.





Players in a team try to score goals by kicking a football past a goalkeeper (krazykeeper) into one of two goals. Play with 4 to 8 per team.

SESSION 2

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per player (except for the keeper and fetcher); 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO

Setting Up

• Teams set up an area with 2 goals behind the goal keeper's end.

Playing

- On 'Go!' one player at a time runs to the centre line, shoots at one of the two goals and runs quickly to take the fetcher's place;
- A fetcher starts behind their team's goal line and collects the ball from a goal attempt. They then run back to the start with the ball in their hands or with it on the ground;
- · A krazykeeper tries to block each goal attempt with their hands or feet;
- Teams nominate a new krazykeeper and play again;
- · Scoring options:
 - the player with the highest amount of goals scored wins;
 - teams try to beat their group score.

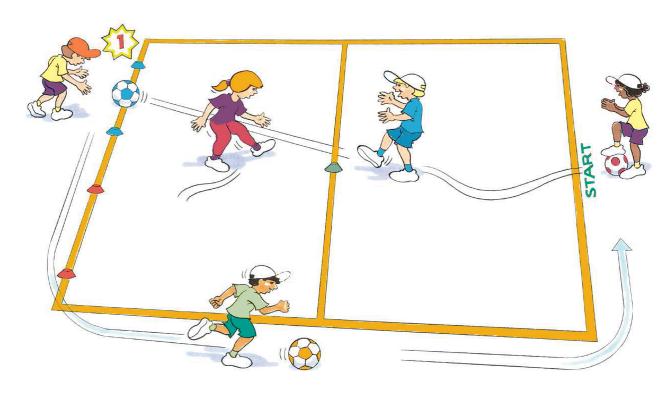
WHAT TO LOOK FOR

- Are players getting enough opportunities to score?
- · Is the desired outcome being achieved?

SUGGESTED CHANGES

- · Move the goals further away to increase challenge;
- · Add an extra attacker to create a 2v1.







Teams play a modified game of football on a pitch with four goals.

There are no goal keepers and no offside. The rules on how to score can be determined by the Program Leader or players to increase fun and participation. Play with 4 to 5 per team.

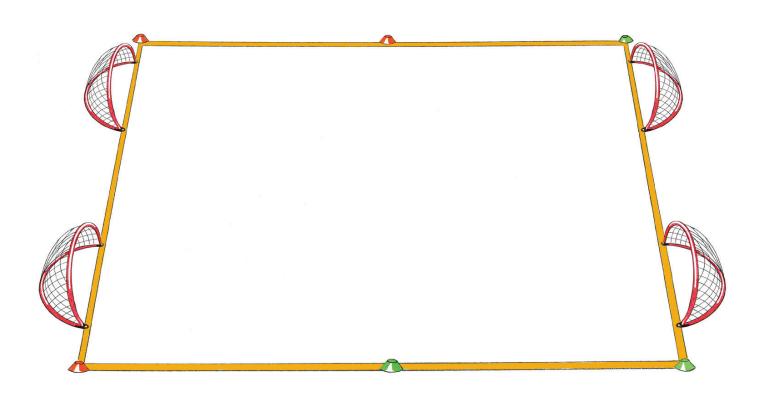
SESSION 2

• MIDDLE / 15 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per game; team bibs or sashes; 1 set of marker cones (30); pop up goals (optional)

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Form teams (teams self-referee); • All players must be in their own half for the start and re-start of the game (after a goal). Playing • Play starts with a pass forward from the middle of the half-way line; • A minimum of two players on the team must have touched the ball before a goal can be scored.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are all players involved?Are both teams creating opportunities to score?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Teams must complete 3 passes before they can score; Add another ball to create higher involvement.





Players with a football experiment with different ways to juggle it using various parts of their body.

SESSION 2

EQUIPMENT

• END / 5 MINUTES

• 1 football per player

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • All players have a ball and are spread randomly in the playing area;
	 Demonstrate how to drop the ball on the ground, lightly kick it and catch it.
	Playing • Ask 'How many times can you drop, kick and catch your ball in a row?';
	 Players can then experiment with different types of juggling, for example: drop onto thigh and catch
	foot to footcatch the ball on the right foot while balancing on the left foot.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are players achieving success? Is it too hard or too easy?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	 Players to attempt to kick the ball no higher than eye level; Players to drop the ball straight onto their foot; Try and use both feet.









Players are selected to demonstrate actions while the Program Leader asks questions to reinforce the key skills or tactical points.

SESSION 2

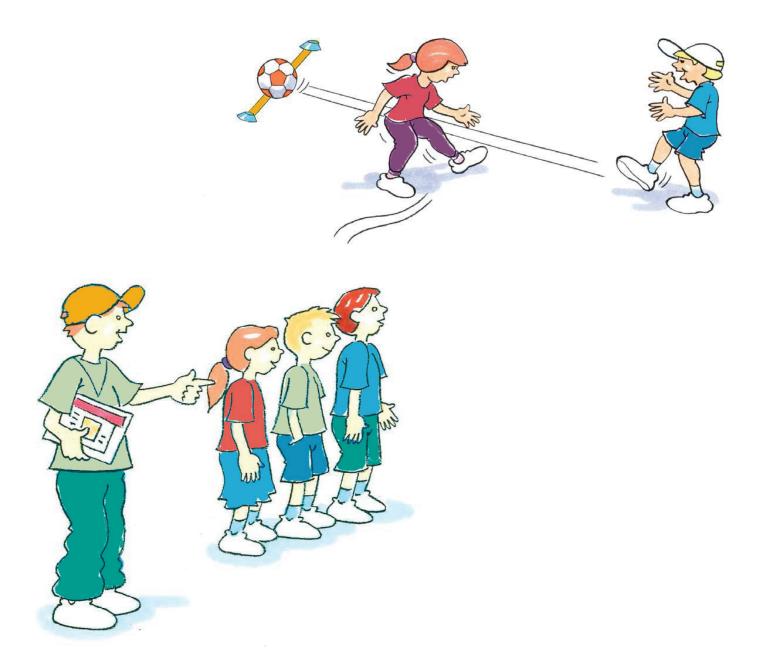
EQUIPMENT

• END / 5 MINUTES

• 1 goal and 1 or 2 balls

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- Where is it best to aim when trying to score a goal?
- Why is it important to look up when running with the ball?
- How do you control the ball as you receive a pass?





SESSION 3

OBJECTIVE

Practise the skill of first touch (receive the ball first, then pass or dribble).

Develop the skill of passing the ball accurately to a team-mate.

Participate in a Small-sided game to develop teamwork and communication.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual	
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres	
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes (3 colours)	
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Fox and Geese Tag (5 minutes) Pairs Passing (10 minutes) Space Invaders (10 minutes) Number Change (5 minutes) MiniRoos Football (10 minutes) Let's see it! (5 minutes) If you're having fun, it's much more likely that the players are too.	





The 'fox' faces three 'geese' who have formed a chain with the baby goose at the back. The fox attempts to tag the baby goose, while the other geese attempt to protect it. Play in groups of 4.

SESSION 3

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 stopwatch or clock; team bibs or sashes as a tail for the baby goose (optional)

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up
	Form groups of four players;
	• A fox faces three geese who have formed a chain by placing their hands on the shoulders of the person in front.
	Playing
	 On 'Go!' the fox attempts to tag the baby goose at the back of the chain by tagging or removing their tail;
	 When tagged (or after 30 seconds) the baby goose becomes the fox and the fox joins the front of the chain as a goose;
	Repeat until all players have had a turn as the fox
WHAT TO LOOK FO	• Are all players involved?
	Are all players having fun?
SUGGESTED	Increase/decrease the size of the area;
CHANGES	• Increase/decrease the number of geese/foxes.
	Gross motor skill

















On the Program Leader's signal, players in pairs pass a football to each other three times between a gate, then move to other gates to repeat the activity — continue for 30 seconds.

Pairs score a point for each gate they pass a ball through.

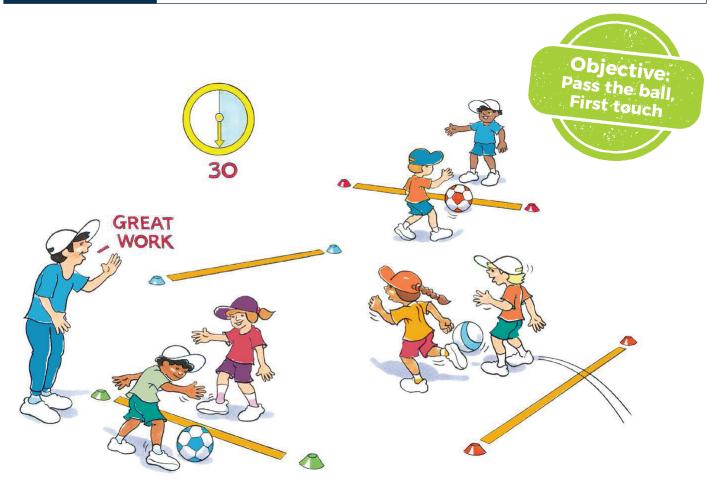
SESSION 3

• BEGINNING / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

•1 football per pair; 1 set of marker cones (30); 1 stopwatch or clock

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up Players set up a gate within the playing area and face each other with a ball. Playing On your signal, pairs pass a ball three times to each other, then run with the ball to a free gate and repeat the activity; Continue for 30 seconds until you call 'Stop!' Pairs score one point for each gate they pass the ball through three times;
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	 Repeat the activity with pairs trying to beat their own score. Where can they stand to make the passes easier/harder Are they improving after each round?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	 Make the gates smaller to improve accuracy; After 5 passes, the player with the ball remains at the gate whilst the other player finds a new partner.





Astronauts in pairs attempt to pass their cargo (the football) across space to score points. Meanwhile, 2 or 3 space invaders attempt to intercept the cargo. Play in groups of 6 to 10.

SESSION 3

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per pair; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO

Setting Up

- · Divide groups into pairs with one ball per pair;
- One pair starts as space invaders (their ball is set aside).

Playing

- Space invaders keep moving from side to side inside their half of the playing area;
- Astronauts can only move behind and along their boundary line to pass and receive their ball;
- Set a time limit (such as one minute) for players to score points;
- · Scoring options:
 - Astronaut pairs each successful pas = one point. Highest score is the winning astronaut pair;
 - Space invaders each intercept = one point. Highest score is the winning space invader;
- · Change space invaders with astronauts and play again.

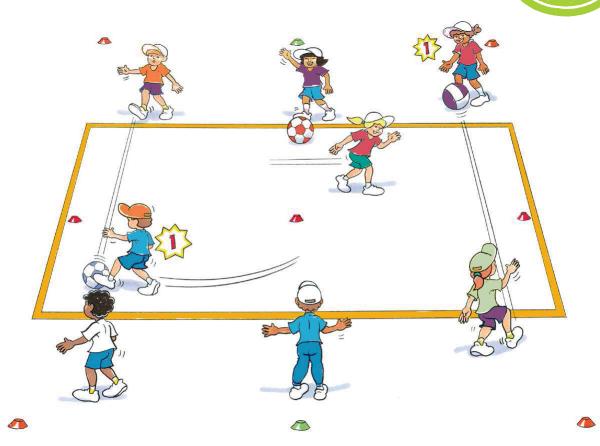
WHAT TO LOOK FOR

- Is the objective being achieved? Why/why not?
- · How can the game progress?

SUGGESTED CHANGES

- Increase/decrease the number of space invaders;
- Players can pass to anyone on the other side, work as a team.







Teams of 4v4 or 5v5 play a game of football on a small pitch. No goalkeepers, no offside.

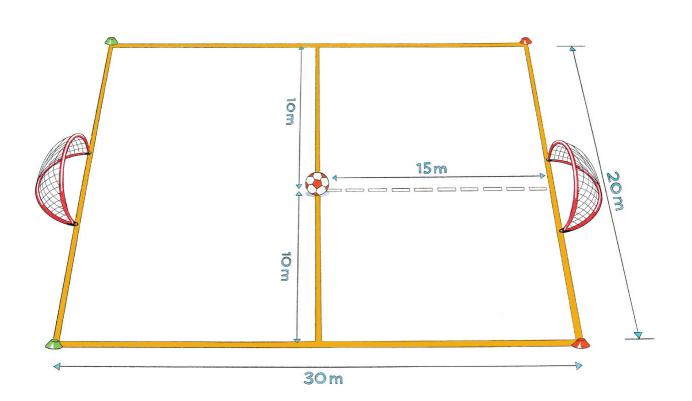
SESSION 3

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 1 size 3 football or similar per game; 1 spare football per game; team bibs or sashes; 1 set of marker cones (30); 2 pop up goals or marker cones

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up Create a pitch suitable for the area and ability of players (maximum of 30 metres by 20 metres); Form two teams of four players, no goalkeepers; All players must be in their own half for the start and re-start of the game (after a goal); Opponents must be five metres away from the ball until it is in play. Playing Play starts with a pass forward to a team-mate from the middle of the halfway line; A goal (one point) is scored when the whole ball passes over the goal line between the goals.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are all players involved? Are players having fun?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Bonus points for passes before scoring; Players can only shoot from within a certain distance to goal. Objective:





All players are allocated a number. While standing in a circle, players try to change positions before the middle player takes their spot. Play in groups of 8 to 10.

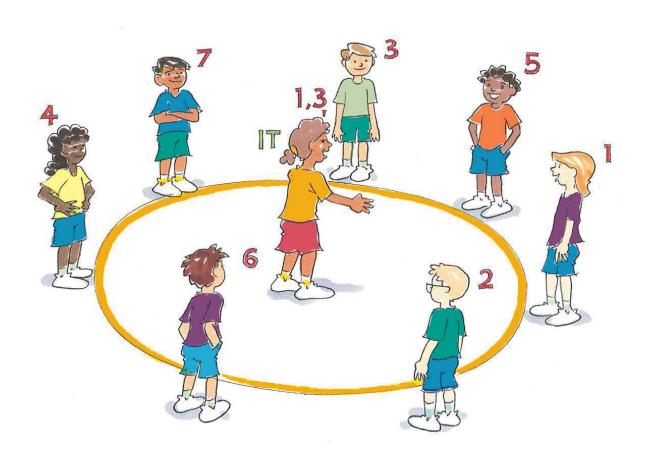
SESSION 3

EQUIPMENT

• END / 5 MINUTES

• 1 set of marker cones (30) (optional), a ball per player

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • All players are given a number and form a circle in random order;
	One of the players is 'It' and stands in the centre of the circle.
	Playing • 'It' calls out any two numbers, for example '1 and 3';
	These two players try to swap places before the player who is 'lt' takes their place;
	The player who fails to find a vacant position on the circle becomes 'lt'.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	 Are players spread out enough? Do players know their numbers?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Modify the size of the circle; Introduce a ball per player if appropriate. Object:
	Have fun, Gross motor skill development





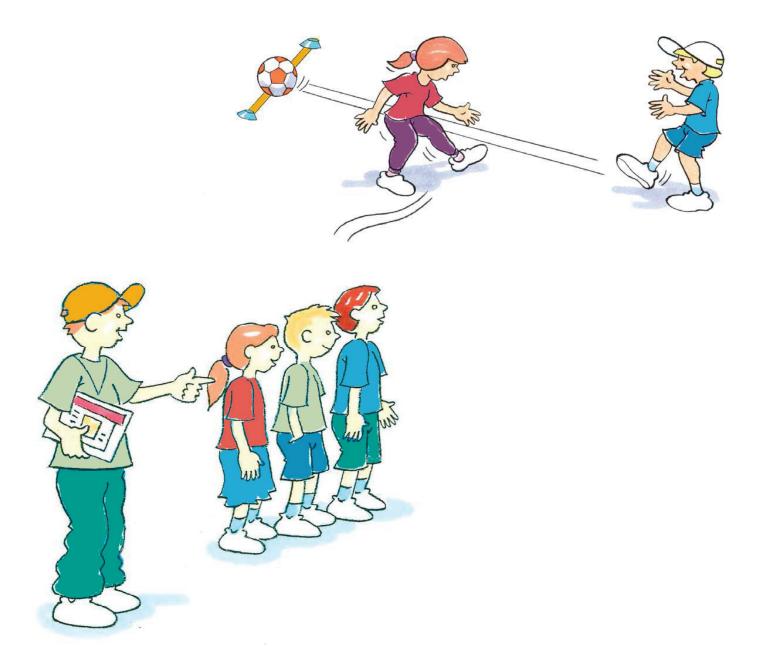
Players are selected to demonstrate actions while the Program Leader asks questions to reinforce the key skills or tactical points.

SESSION 3

• END / 5 MINUTES

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- Where is it best to aim when trying to score a goal?
- Why is it important to look up when running with the ball?
- How do you control the ball as you receive a pass?





SESSION 4

OBJECTIVE

Experience a high number of touches on the ball and get to 'know their ball'. Further develop the skills of 1 ν 1.

Gain confidence in passing the ball accurately towards a target.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30)
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Circle Chase (5 minutes) Boundary Pass (10 minutes) Tricky Goal Lines (10 minutes) 4v4 Football (15 minutes) What did you learn? (5 minutes) What game doesn't work out but everyone is engaged and





Two footballs are passed around a circle from player to player. The aim is for one ball to catch up with the other. Play in groups of 6 to 8.

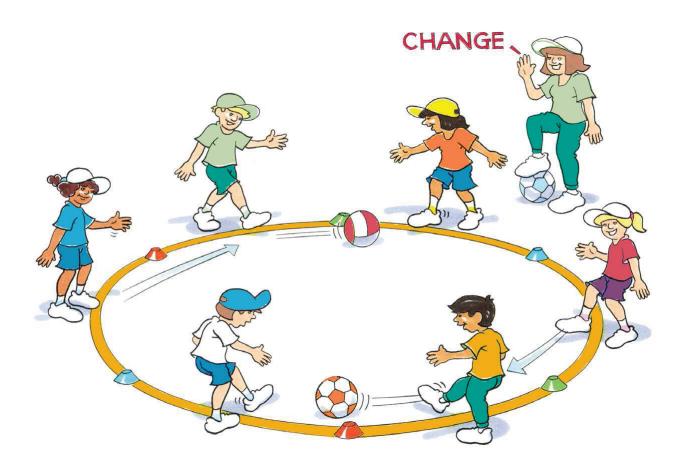
SESSION 4

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 2 footballs; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Form a circle with markers and direct players to stand between each space; • Two players start with a ball and are separated by several players.
	PlayingPlayers pass the ball around the circle, trying to overtake the ball in front;When you call 'Change!' players must change the direction of the pass.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	 Are players passing the ball accurately? Is the circle size appropriate for the players involved?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	 Change group numbers to create more passing opportunities; Points for number of completed passes in a certain amount of time.
	Objective: Have fun, Pass the ball





In pairs, players try to make as many passes to each other as they can in 60 seconds.

To add a challenge, every pass has to be across a different boundary line.

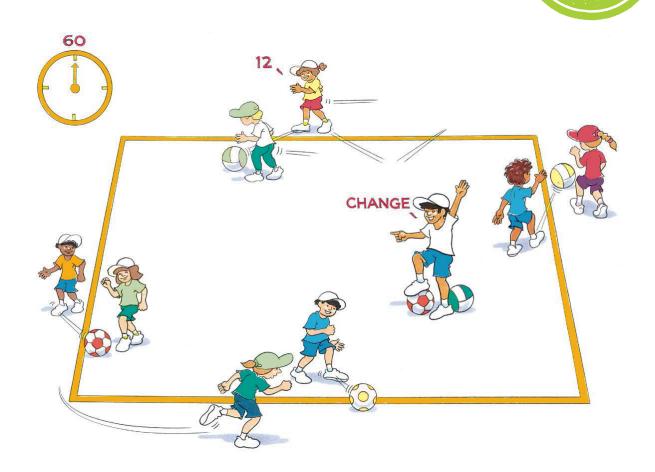
SESSION 4

EQUIPMENT

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

•1 football per pair; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up
	Pairs start within the marked area near the centre.
	Playing
	 On your signal, pairs move in the same direction and pass the ball to each other across the boundary lines;
	Pairs score one point for each pass they make within the time limit;
	 The activity can be repeated with pairs attempting to beat their score while running in the opposite direction.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are all players engaged?
	How can you increase or decrease the challenge?
SUGGESTED	Introduce a defender to try and intercept passes;
CHANGES	Bonus points for one-touch passing.
	Pass the ball, Run with the ball





One at a time, attacking players with a football enter the playing area and quickly choose one of two possible goal lines to run over before being dispossessed of the ball. Play in groups of 8 to 12.

SESSION 4

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 1 football per player on the attacking team; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO

Setting Up

- Organise players into two groups at diagonal points of the playing area;
- · Attackers line up behind a marker cone with a ball each;
- The defender must wait for the attacking player to pass through a gate before entering the pitch.

Playing

- · Attackers attempt to run with the ball over a selected line before being dispossessed of the ball;
- · Scoring:
 - the attacker runs the ball over a goal line = one point;
 - the attacker scores a goal = bonus point;
- Swap roles when all attackers have had a turn or after each play.

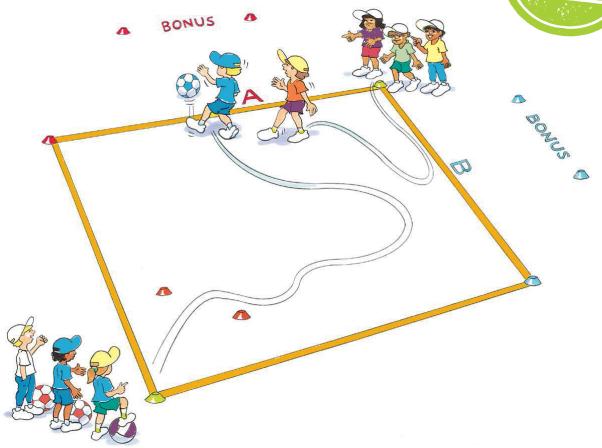
WHAT TO LOOK FOR

- Are the players waiting in line still engaged?
- Is the objective being achieved?

SUGGESTED CHANGES

- Add another attacker to create a 2v1;
- · Modify goal sizes to increase/decrease challenge.







Teams of 4 play in small sided football games. Rotating teams after every goal or after a short amount of time

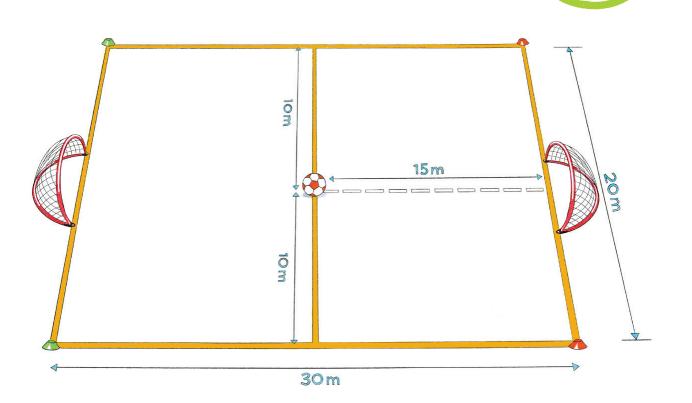
SESSION 4

• MIDDLE / 15 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones, 2 balls per game, goals, bibs

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Create a pitch suitable for the area and ability of players (maximum of 30 metres by 20 metres); • Form two teams of four players, no goalkeepers; · All players must be in their own half for the start and re-start of the game (after a goal); • Opponents must be five metres away from the ball until it is in play. **Playing** • Play starts with a pass forward to a team-mate from the middle of the halfway line; • A goal (one point) is scored when the whole ball passes over the goal line between the goals; · Once a goal is scored, teams rotate to play a different opponent WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are all players involved? • Are players having fun? **SUGGESTED** · Bonus points for passes before scoring; **CHANGES** • Players can only shoot from within a certain distance to goal.





The Program Leader asks questions to reinforce the key skills or learning opportunities.

SESSION 4

• END / 5 MINUTES

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- \bullet How can you beat an opponent who is attempting to take possession of your football?
- Where should you look when you are striking the ball with your foot?
- How can you make sure the ball goes in the direction you want it to once you have kicked it?





SESSION 5

OBJECTIVE

Gain confidence to run with the ball at speed and with direction changes.

Develop the skill of passing the ball accurately to a team-mate.

Participate in a Small-sided game with many opportunities to score a goal.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes (3 colours); pop up goals (optional)
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	All in Tag (5 minutes) Tunnel Pass (5 minutes) Change Football (10 minutes) Four Sided Football (10 minutes) Defenders and Strikers (10 minutes) What did you like? (5 minutes) Always demonstrate the game objectives when you explain them.
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Everyone tries to tag everyone else! Players who are tagged continue to tag others from a crouch position.

SESSION 5

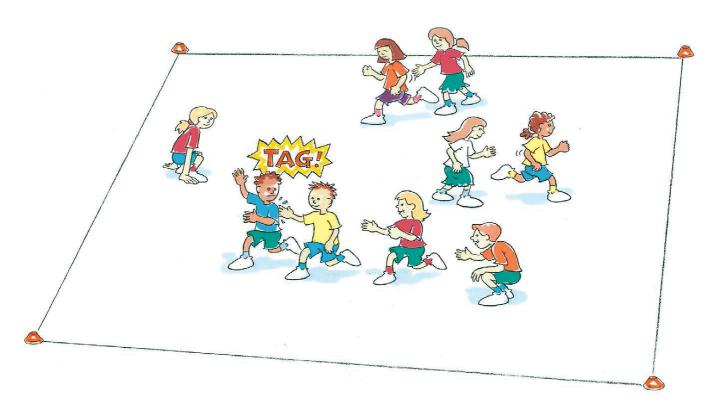
EQUIPMENT

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

• Marker cones to define playing area

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Players are dispersed in a large playing area.
	Playing On your signal, players run randomly and attempt to tag whoever is nearest to them; Tagged players crouch and continue to tag others, but cannot change their position.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are all participants having fun? Is it safe?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Add footballs so that players practice dribbling whilst playing;Limit the number of taggers.







Teams form a tunnel to roll their football through. The first team to finish calls 'Stop!' and receives a point.

After several games, the team with the highest score wins. Play in groups of 6 to 8.

SESSION 5

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones, 2 balls per game, goals, bibs

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Ask players to form a tunnel with their bodies;
	One player from each team has a ball and stands at the front;
	The end player in each team stands at the back to fetch the ball.
	Playing
	 On your signal, the player at the front rolls the ball through their team's tunnel and immediately joins the tunnel at the front;
	 The fetcher runs with the ball to the front of the team and rolls it through the tunnel;
	 When all members of the team have had a turn, they call 'Stop!' and the first team to complete a set wins a point.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Is there a high level of involvement?
	Can the players decide how to create the tunnel?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Rotate the types of tunnels used; Incorporate football skills into the games.





Two opposing teams are allocated corresponding numbers. When the Program Leader calls their number, those players must run onto the pitch and attempt to score a goal.

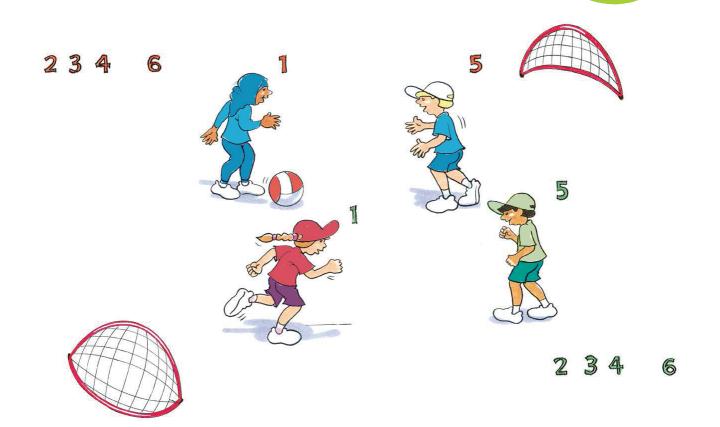
SESSION 5

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 1 to 2 footballs per game; team bibs or sashes; 1 set of marker cones (30) or pop up goals

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · Divide players into two groups and distribute team bibs or sashes; • Teams stand on opposite sides of the pitch and are allocated a number (with the corresponding number on the other team). **Playing** • Roll the ball onto the pitch and call two numbers such as '1 and 5'; · Players 1 and 5 from each team run onto the pitch and attempt to gain possession of the ball and score a goal; · All other players stand on the sideline and can pass the ball back into the pitch if it rolls out; · After no more than 15 seconds, call, for example 'Change 3 and 4'. Players who were on the pitch must leave immediately so that players 3 and 4 can take over playing. WHAT TO LOOK FOR · Are all players involved? • Is the objective being achieved? **SUGGESTED** · Add extra goals to increase likelihood of success; **CHANGES** · Move from 2v2 to 3v3.





Teams play a modified game of football on a pitch with a goal on each touch line. There are no goalkeepers or offside. The rules on how to score can be determined by the Program Leader or players to increase fun and participation. Play in groups of 4 or 5.

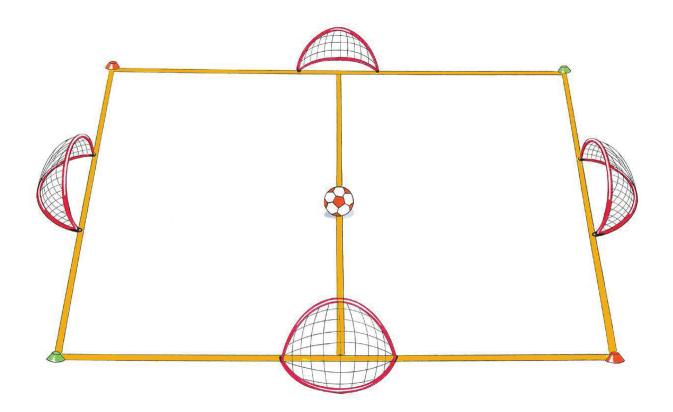
SESSION 5

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 1 to 2 footballs per game; team bibs or sashes; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · Form teams (teams self-referee); • All players must be in their own half for the start and re-start of the game (after a goal). **Playing** • Play starts with a pass forward from the middle of the halfway line; • A minimum of two players on the team must have touched the ball before a goal can be scored; · Scoring options: - side goals = one point - end goals = three points. WHAT TO LOOK FOR Are players scoring regularly? · Are all players getting touches on the ball? **SUGGESTED** • Teams must complete 3 passes before scoring; **CHANGES** • Play with 3 teams and rotate between them.





A 'defender' passes a ball into the pitch and immediately runs to defend the goal. At the same time, a 'striker' runs forward to take control of the ball and attempt a shot a goal. Play in groups of 6 to 10.

SESSION 5

EQUIPMENT

• END / 5 MINUTES

• 1 football for each keeper; 1 set of marker cones (30) (optional)

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · Divide players into defenders and strikers; • Defenders line up on one side of the pitch with a ball each; · Strikers line up on the pitch facing the goal. • The defender first in line rolls or passes the ball into the pitch and immediately runs to defend the goal; • At the same time, the striker first in line runs to take control of the ball and attempt a shot at goal; • Once a shot at goal has been made, the striker retrieves the ball and both players change places and move to the end of their new line while the next defender and striker have a turn. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are the strikers getting enough time to shoot before defenders get to them? · Is the activity too hard/easy? **SUGGESTED** · Adjust the area to create more space for strikers? **CHANGES** · Defenders to defend passively at first.





The Program Leader asks players about the games to receive feedback.

SESSION 5

• END / 5 MINUTES





SESSION 6

OBJECTIVE

Practise ball mastery including tricks, running with the ball and passing. Participate in small-sided football games and learn the rules of 4 v 4 football.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes; 2 pop up goals per pitch (optional)
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Octopus Football (5 minutes) Program Leader Says (5 minutes) Skittle Football (10 minutes) MiniRoos Football (15 minutes) Untie the Knot (5 minutes) Where to from here? (5 minutes) Where to from here? (5 minutes)





Players with a football each attempt to run over the opposite goal line. An 'octopus' stands in the centre of the pitch and attempts to tag players as they cross. When tagged, players must freeze on the spot and attempt to tag other players running with a ball.

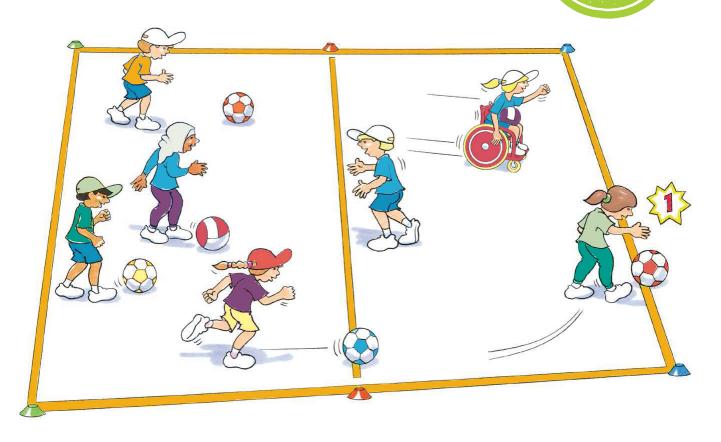
SESSION 6

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · One player starts as the octopus; • All other players start with a ball behind the goal line. **Playing** · On the octopus's signal, players attempt to cross the pitch by running with their ball and avoid being tagged by the octopus; • Tagged players must freeze on the spot and hold their ball under their foot; however they can tag other players that run past; • The last player to successfully cross the pitch without being tagged wins. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players keeping the ball under control? · Are all players achieving success? · Add an extra octopus to increase challenge; **SUGGESTED CHANGES** · Add bonus points for tricks and turns.





The Program Leader calls out commands for players to perform various ball mastery skills.

SESSION 6

EQUIPMENT

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

•1 football per player

WHAT TO DO	 Playing Call out various actions for the players to demonstrate. For example: 'Leader says drop the ball onto your thigh and catch it'; 'Leader says juggle the football from foot to foot'; 'Leader says balance the football on one foot; Players who do not freeze are not eliminated. They can perform five toe taps on the spot to rejoin the game.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are players achieving success?Is it too hard or too easy?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	 Players to attempt to kick the ball no higher than eye level; Players to drop the ball straight onto their foot; Try and use both feet.











Teams play a small sided game of football. There are no goal keepers and no offside. Players can score by knocking down their opponents skittles with the ball.

SESSION 6

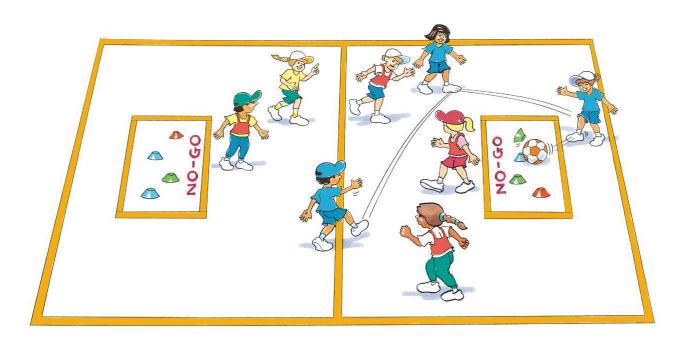
• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per game; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Form teams (teams self-referee); • All players must be in their own half for the start of play. Playing • A minimum of two players on the team must have touched the ball before a goal can be scored; • After a skittle in the goal area has been knocked over, the team that didn't score starts with the football from the halfway mark.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Is it easy to score? Are all players involved?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	 Create 2 no-go zones at each end to change point of attack; Set-up another playing area to reduce the number of players on the pitch.







Teams of 4v4 or 5v5 play a game of football on a small pitch. No goalkeepers, no offside.

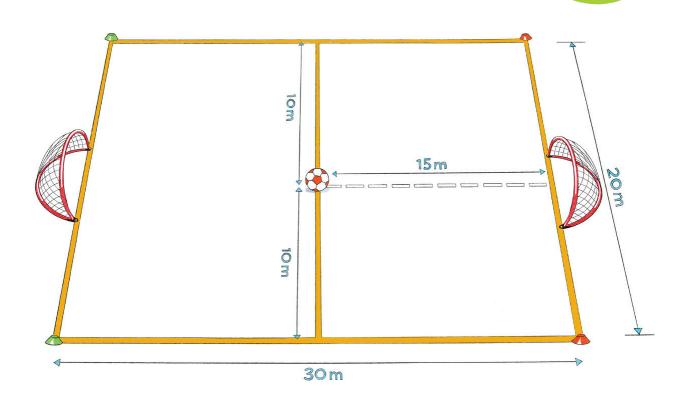
SESSION 6

• MIDDLE / 15 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 1 size 3 football or similar per game; 1 spare football per game; team bibs or sashes; 1 set of marker cones (30); 2 pop up goals or marker cones

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Create a pitch suitable for the area and ability of players (maximum of 30 metres by 20 metres); · Form two teams of four players, no goalkeepers; • All players must be in their own half for the start and re-start of the game (after a goal); • Opponents must be five metres away from the ball until it is in play. **Playing** • Play starts with a pass forward to a team-mate from the middle of the halfway line; · A goal (one point) is scored when the whole ball passes over the goal line between the goals. WHAT TO LOOK FOR Are all players involved? • Are players having fun? **SUGGESTED** · Bonus points for passes before scoring; **CHANGES** · Players can only shoot from within a certain distance to goal; · Restrict number of touches per player.





Each player holds the hands of two different players. The aim is to untangle the knot without letting go.

Play in groups of six or more.

SESSION 6

• END / 5 MINUTES

WHAT TO DO

- Players in groups of six or more stand in a circle;
- Each player must hold hands with two different players (not a player beside them);
- Players slowly move to untie their knot by stepping over and moving under their joined hands;
- To ensure safety, the game should not be played as a race.





The Program Leader provides a brief explanation about how players can continue to engage in MiniRoos at their local club. If you are continues for 8, 10, or 12 sessions this may not be necessary yet.

SESSION 6

• END / 5 MINUTES

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- This was our last SESSION. Who wants to keep playing MiniRoos? OR
- This was our last SESSION and we have visitors here from the local junior football club. Who wants to join a club?





SESSION 7

OBJECTIVE

First touch, 1 v 1.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes; 4 pop up goals
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Look out for others (5 minutes) Form a Group (5 minutes) Pass, Pass, Pass (5 minutes) Shuttle Pass (5 minutes) Pass World Record (10 minutes) Keep the Ball (10 minutes) What did you like? (5 minutes)





Players run in random directions in a defined area. Players are made aware of the fact that the activity is focused on learning to play safely in the presence of others.

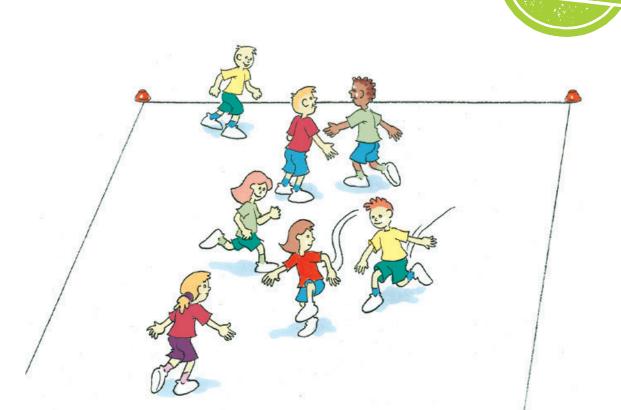
SESSION 7

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area

WHAT TO DO	 Setting Up Define the playing area – a key step in any player/space awareness activities; Disperse the players. Playing Players move around, mindful of other players, the boundaries and the surface. For example, if playing outdoors, are there any holes in the ground? If indoors, an option is to use a backdrop of music; Change the locomotion – e.g. run, walk, hop, skip, gallop; Add a ball and have players practice moving with ball at their feet.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are players keeping their head up; Can they use both feet with the ball.
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Add cones as obstacles to increase difficulty; Reduce the size of the area.





Players run around in random directions avoiding body contact with other players. The Program Leader calls a number and players form groups of that size.

SESSION 7

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

· Marker cones to define playing area

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Mark an area free of obstructions – disperse the players. · Start with slow jogging; • Try several group sizes before you get to the number you would like for a subsequent activity, e.g. start by calling; • 2s, then 6s, and finally the group size you want, such as 4s – you may wish to add a 'new people in the group' rule for the second and third calls; · As an option, use some bright music as a backdrop. Stop the music and call the number for the group size. WHAT TO LOOK FOR · Short transitions; · Is everyone involved? **SUGGESTED** · Have players move around whilst dribbling a ball; **CHANGES** · Change the way they dribble each time (right/left foot, faster/slower)





2 groups of equal size face each other. Each player has a ball at their feet. On a signal, players pass their ball over a line in the direction of the opposite team. They continue to pass any balls in their area over to the other side to try and clear their own area. After a set period, balls are counted to see who has the fewest balls in their area.

SESSION 7

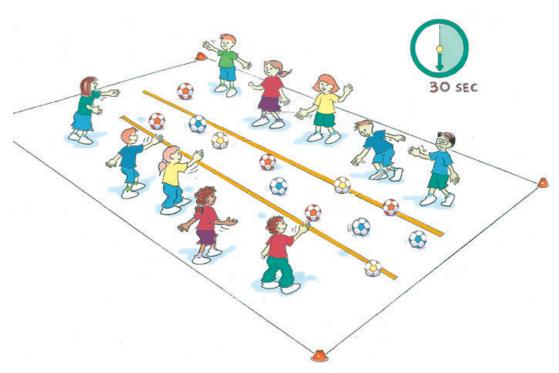
• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 1 ball per player

WHAT TO DO Setting Up • Mark an area free of obstructions – disperse the players; • Each player to have a ball at their feet. Playing • Set time of 30 seconds per game; • Encourage different strategies e.g. ball gatherers and ball passers; • Demonstrate the benefits of a good first touch. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players finding space to pass the ball into? • Are both teams having fun? SUCCESTED CHANGES • Modify area to increase/decrease the challenge; • Modify rules – change feet, can only pass from inside own area etc.







A cooperative game- a ball is passed to a receiver, the passer runs to take the place of the receiver and the receiver in turn runs to join players at the passer's line. (Teams of 4 or more.)

SESSION 7

• MIDDLE / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, one ball per team of players

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Mark an area free of obstructions – place players into teams; • Each team to have a ball on one side. Playing • Player 1 passes the ball to Player 2 and then runs to Line B; • Player 2 passes the ball to Player 3 and then runs to Line A; • Repeat this pattern until the 'stop' signal is given; • Which team can make the most successful passes.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Look for players with a good first touch to demonstrate; Can players pass accurately to their teammates.
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Change to non-dominant foot passing only; Proficient groups may like to try one-touch passing.







Pairs of passers pass the ball to each other, trying to make as many successful passes as possible. Two defenders try to stop the passers and make them start their count again. Off-field, 2 players pass the ball to each other trying to reach a record total (8 or more players).

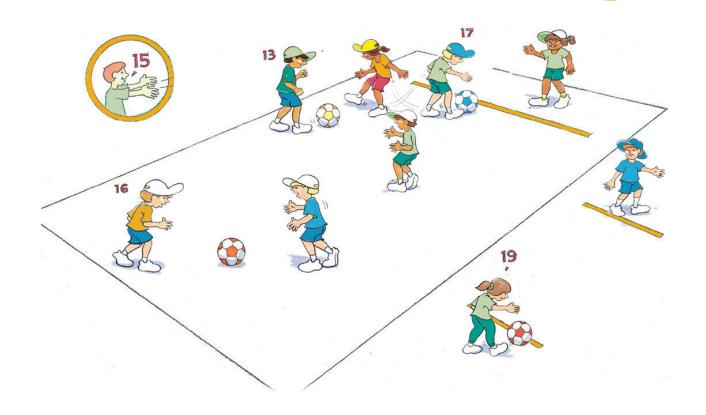
SESSION 7

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 Marker cones to define playing area, 1 ball per pair of passers, braids or bibs for defenders

Setting Up WHAT TO DO • Mark a large enough area for pairs of passers to spread out; · Each pair to have a ball at their feet. Plaving · Set time of 30-60 seconds per game; • Encourage passers to focus on their first touch to enable quick passing; • Defenders just need to touch the ball to reset the count, discourage them from kicking it away; • Defenders can't intercept the same pair in a row; · Rotate defenders and record breakers. WHAT TO LOOK FOR Are players getting a good opportunity to practice passes? • Is everybody engaged? **SUGGESTED** · Increase the size of the area; **CHANGES** · Reduce number of defenders.





A team of 4 or more passers are distributed around the playing field with no more than 2 defenders. The passing team aims to make 5 passes between team-mates without the ball being intercepted.

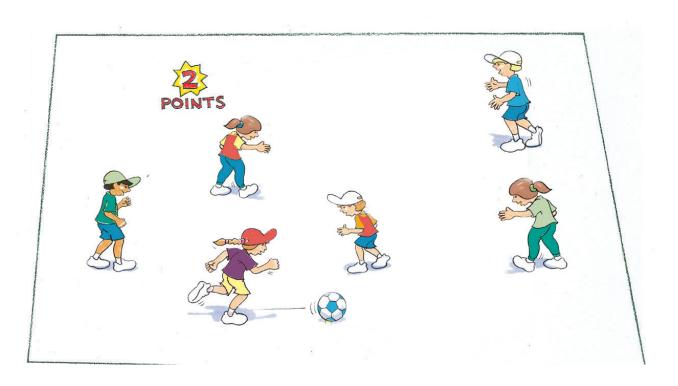
SESSION 7

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

Marker cones to define playing area, braids or bibs for defenders,
1 ball per game

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · Mark a large enough area for passers to spread out; • Ensure there are enough passers to give them an advantage over the defenders. **Playing** · Set time of 2 minutes per game; • Encourage passers to focus on their first touch to enable quick passing; • Defenders just need to touch the ball to reset the count, discourage them from kicking it away; · Rotate defenders and passers every couple of minutes; • Every 5 passes gets a point, group with highest point score wins. WHAT TO LOOK FOR Are players taking too long to pass the ball? • Is the attacking team achieving success? **SUGGESTED** • Add the 'hot potato' rule (pass within 3 seconds); **CHANGES** · Reduce number of defenders; · Increase area size.





The Program Leader asks players about the games to receive feedback.

SESSION 7

• END / 5 MINUTES





SESSION 8

OBJECTIVE

Passing the ball, running with the ball.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes; 4 pop up goals
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Partner Tag (5 minutes) Rob the Nest (5 minutes) King of Passing (10 minutes) Skittle Football (15 minutes) Strike Football (5 minutes) What did you learn? (5 minutes) Performing a skill well and ask them to be a role model and show everyone else.





Players are paired off. On a signal, one player, the tagger, tries to tag the other player. At the same time, all the other pairs are doing the same thing – taggers are trying to tag their partners.

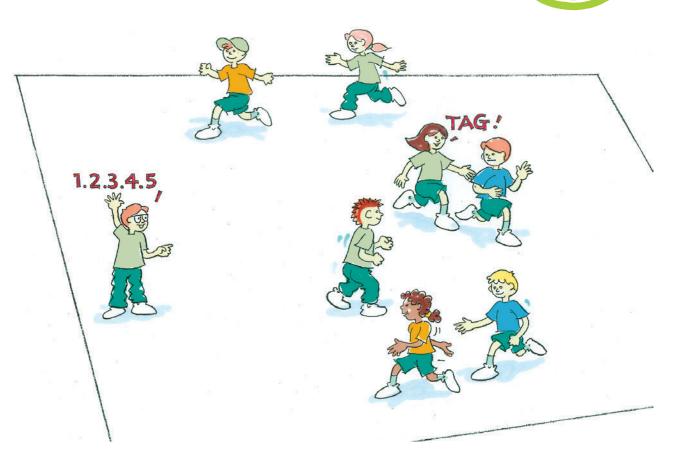
SESSION 8

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 1 ball per pair

WHAT TO DO Setting Up Form pairs, allow the players to decide which partner is the tagger. Playing The tagger counts to 5 to give the other player time to get away; If space is restricted, or on the first occasion, restrict movement to a fast shuffle (2 feet on the ground or pretty close to it); When a person is tagged, roles swap – don't forget the count to 5; Introduce balls and various dribbling techniques. WHAT TO LOOK FOR Is everyone involved? Are they having fun? Change partners; Reduce number of taggers.





Players work in small groups. One player from each group runs to a central point to collect one ball at a time and dribbles the ball back to their team-mates at their base and then tags the next player.

The aim is to collect the most number of balls.

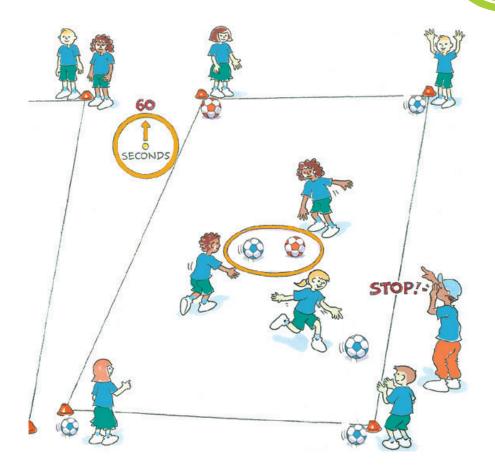
SESSION 8

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 Marker cones to define playing area, as many footballs as possible (10+)

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Form 4 equal groups, positioning 1 group on each corner of the playing field; • Place a pile of footballs in the centre of the playing area. **Playing** • On the starting whistle, one player at a time from each group runs out and collects a ball and dribbles it back to their group; • Once a player has returned with a ball the next player may run out and collect another ball. Keep playing until all balls are gone; • The group with the most balls at the end is the winner; · As a progression, allow players to steal from other groups once all the balls in the middle are gone. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players dribbling with their heads up? · Are all players engaged? **SUGGESTED** · Increase the size of the area; **CHANGES** • Players can pass to their corner after a short dribble.





Players try to out-score opponents by accurately passing balls close to the target and displacing opponents' balls to deny access to the target. (Play in small groups.)

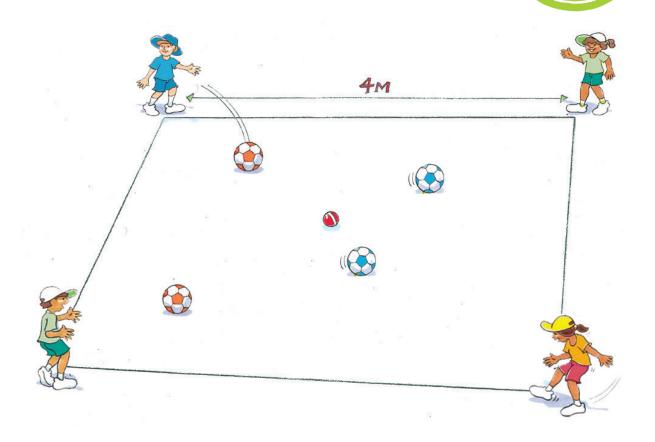
SESSION 8

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 Marker cones to define playing area 4m x 4m, minimum 1 ball per player, different shape/style ball to use as target

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Players stand with a ball at their feet around the edge of the playing area; • A target ball or object is placed in the idle of the playing area. **Playing** • Each player in turn passes their ball toward the target to try and get it the closest; · Give each player a chance to go first and award points based on distance from the target; • Emphasize the importance of good technique in achieving accurate passing; · As a progression, split the group into teams and play against each other. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Is the game challenging? • Is the objective being achieved? **SUGGESTED** • Use non-dominant foot; **CHANGES** · Each player starts with 2 balls; · Increase the distance to target.





Teams play a Small-sided game of football. There are no goalkeepers and no offside rules. Players can score from the front, sides or back of the goal area. The first team to knock down all the opposition skittles wins.

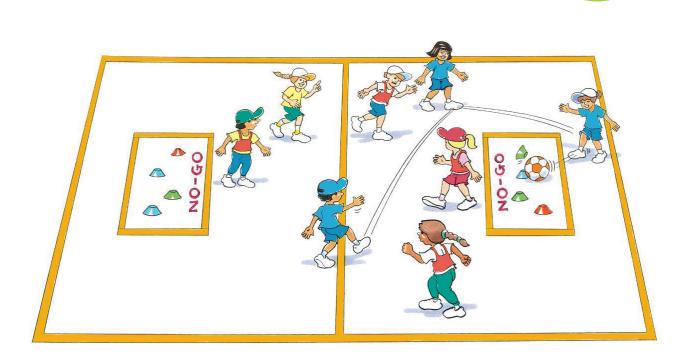
SESSION 8

• MIDDLE / 15 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per game; 1 set of marker cones (30), bibs or braids, skittles (witches hats)

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · Form teams (teams self-referee); • Create a no-go area around skittles. **Playing** · All players must be in their own half for the start of play; • A minimum of two players on the team must have touched the ball before a goal can be scored; · After a skittle in the goal area has been knocked over, the team that didn't score starts with the football from the halfway mark. WHAT TO LOOK FOR · Is it easy to score? • Are all players involved? **SUGGESTED** • Create 2 no-go zones at each end to change point of attack; **CHANGES** · Set-up two playing areas to increase involvement; · Bonus points for number of passes.





Partners line up opposite each other with a skittle (target) next to them. Players pass the ball at each other's skittle to try and knock it over. Play best of 3 wins.

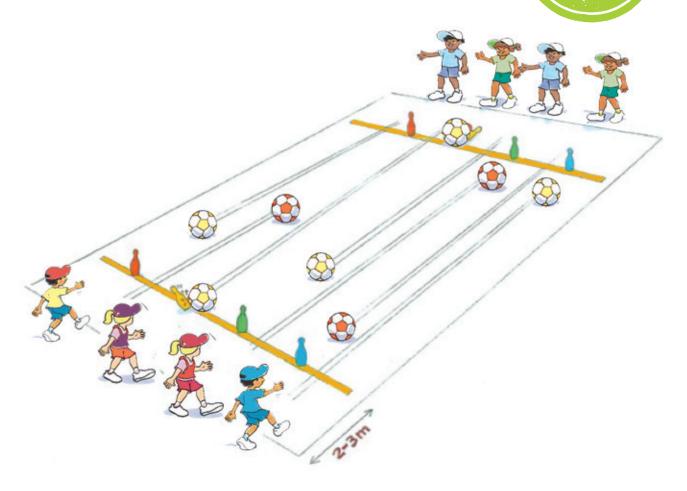
SESSION 8

• END / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 Marker cones to define playing area, skittles (witches hats, balls on cones), 1 ball per player

WHAT TO DO Setting Up Pairs face each other a few metres apart with ball at feet; Skittles (any target can be used) are lined up next to each player. Playing Players try to hit their opponents target by passing the ball at it; Players are not allowed to stand in front of their target; Progress to teams trying to knock over each teams targets. WHAT TO LOOK FOR Are all players involved? Is the group having fun? Progress to playing as teams; After each game, modify the area. Objective: Striking





The Program Leader asks questions to reinforce the keys skills from the session.

SESSION 8

• END / 5 MINUTES

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- What part of your foot did you use to pass more accurately?
- Where should you look when dribbling to make sure you don't run into anyone?
- Which parts of your foot can you use to dribble with the ball?





SESSION 9

OBJECTIVE

1 v 1, running with the ball.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes; 4 pop up goals
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Fish in the Net (5 minutes) Marker Dodge (5 minutes) Chase the Dribbler (5 minutes) Kick 4 and Go (20 minutes) Cross the Bridge (5 minutes) Let's see it (5 minutes) Energetic person there for 45 minutes!





3 players form the net by holding hands. They catch others by surrounding them. Caught players join the net and the game continues. (Play with 6 or more).

SESSION 9

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 1 ball per pair

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up
	• 3 players join hands as the net;
	Clearly define boundaries.
	Playing
	 The 'Net' works together to catch fish by tapping them on the shoulder;
	Players are not allowed run out of bounds;
	 Progress to having every fish with a ball, practicing dribbling to get away from the net.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Is everyone moving around?
	Are they having fun?
SUGGESTED	Adjust the size of the area;
CHANGES	Split the 'Net' if it gets too long.
	Gross motor skill development, Ball mastery





Players practise running with the ball at their feet (dribbling) and try to avoid the markers. Points are awarded for teams that get through without touching the markers.

SESSION 9

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 20 markers to be spread out in the 'dodge' area, minimum 1 ball per player

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Place 20 or so markers in one-third of the playing area; • Organise players into groups of 2 to 4 and give them a ball each. Playing • Players are to dribble through the markers to the other side without letting the ball touch a marker; • Once a player gets to the other side the next player in their team can go.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are players finding it easy/hard to dribble around the cones? Make sure players waiting for their turn do not wait too long.
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Add bonus points for players with closest control; Increase difficulty with more cones; Create relay races. Objective:





Players in pairs pass a ball back and forth in the centre of a playing field. When the Program Leader calls 'Ball!' the player who is receiving the pass must turn and dribble the ball to the goal behind them and shoot before being caught by their opponent.

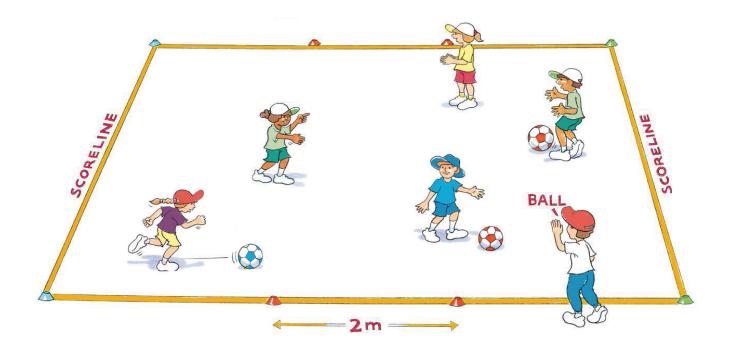
SESSION 9

• MIDDLE / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 Marker cones to define playing area, 1 ball per pair, goals (markers) behind each line.

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Organise players into pairs with one ball per pair; · Pairs line up facing and two metres apart in the centre of the playing field and pass the ball back and forth to each other. **Playing** · When you call 'Ball', the player with the ball (or about to receive the ball) must dribble it to the goal behind them and try and score; • The player who does not have the ball is to chase the player with the ball and try to stop them from scoring; • Defenders are not allowed to tackle attackers from side on or behind. WHAT TO LOOK FOR · Are players passing the ball quickly? • Is everyone involved? **SUGGESTED** · Swap partners after a few turns; **CHANGES** · Start without chasing defenders; • Move goals further away from shooting line.





A player passes four consecutive balls into the field of play and then runs between markers to score points. When the fielding team have returned all four balls to the start position, they call 'STOP!' The player who just passed the balls calculates their score and a new player is nominated to have a turn. Play in groups of 6-10.

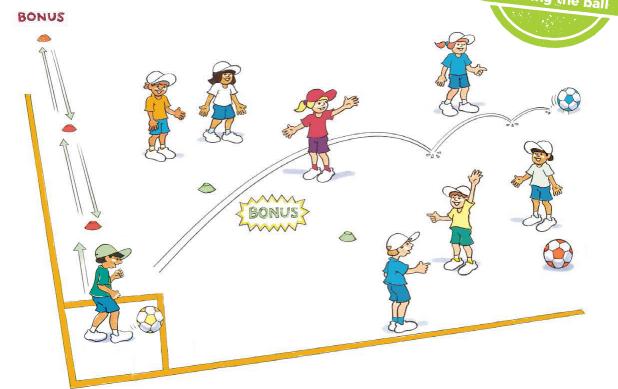
SESSION 9

• MIDDLE / 20 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 Marker cones to define playing area, 4 balls per field, extra cones/goals for bonus points

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Set up one corner of the playing field with 4 balls to be kicked into the playing area; • Place a running area to the side of the field where the kicker can run in order to score points. · Nominate a 'striker' to kick four balls as fast as they can into the playing area. Fielders can't move until • When the last ball is kicked, the striker runs between the markers to score points; · All other players are on the field and must dribble or pass the balls and return them to the start position quickly; Once players have returned all balls to the start position, they call 'STOP!'; • The striker counts their points for runs completed; • Players then rotate positions until all have had a turn as the striker. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are all players involved? · Are football skills being practiced? **SUGGESTED** · Add goals to the field for bonus points; **CHANGES** · Add a defender to try and prevent fielders from returning the balls.





Players with a football each attempt to 'cross the bridge' by running with their ball over the opposite goal line. The bridge is guarded by a troll who attempts to gain possession of a player's ball.

Play one troll for every six ball runners.

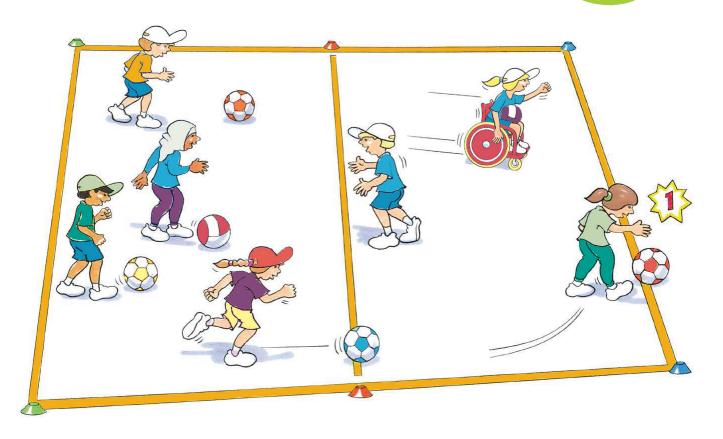
SESSION 9

• END / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per attacking player; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • One player starts as the troll; • All other players start with a ball along the goal line. **Plaving** • On the troll's signal, players attempt to cross the bridge by running with their ball; • The troll attempts to gain possession of a player's ball before they reach the opposite goal line; • The player who loses possession of their ball changes place with the troll; · Scoring: - one point = player runs with the ball successfully over the goal line. · Are players keeping the ball under control? WHAT TO LOOK FOR · Are all players achieving success? • Add an extra Troll to increase challenge; **SUGGESTED CHANGES** · Add bonus points for tricks and turns.





Players are selected to demonstrate actions while the Program Leader asks questions to reinforce the key skills or tactical points.

SESSION 9

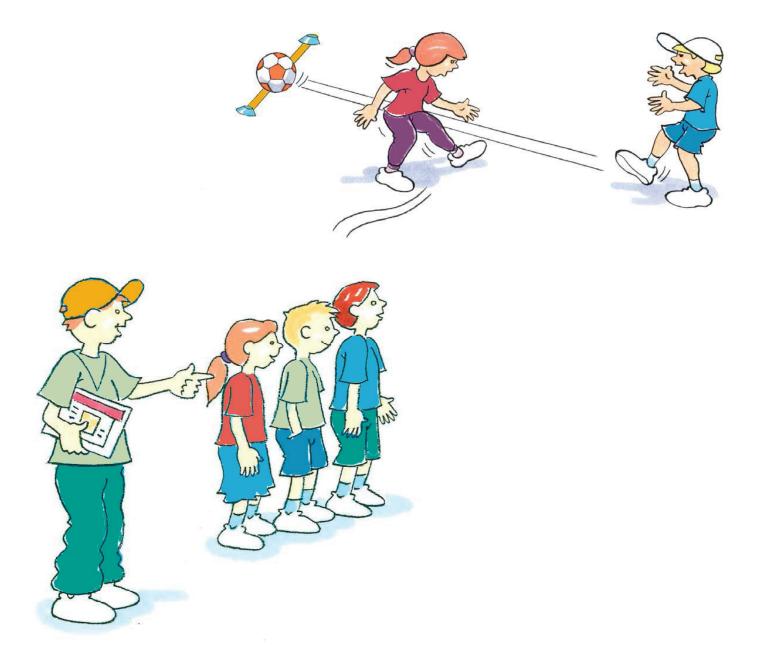
• END / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 goal and 1 or 2 balls

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- Where is it best to aim when trying to score a goal?
- Why is it important to look up when running with the ball?
- How do you control the ball as you receive a pass.





SESSION 10

OBJECTIVE

Passing the ball, first touch.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes; 4 pop up goals
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Flip It (5 minutes) Football Juggling (5 minutes) Follow the Ball (5 minutes) Bombard (10 minutes) End Zone (15 minutes) What did you learn? (5 minutes)





2 groups. Half the players try to turn the markers with the round side up and the other half with the round side down (dish up). On a signal, players run around trying to flip over the other group's markers to match their own.

SESSION 10

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, minimum 1 marker

per player WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · Divide players into two groups; • Fill playing area with as many markers as possible, with approximately half of them upside down. Plaving • On the start whistle, players run in to the area a try and turn as many markers over as possible; • One team is trying to turn them all up, the other team is trying to turn them all down; • Keep playing for 45 seconds; · After each round, count which team has the most cones turned their way. WHAT TO LOOK FOR · Is everyone engaged? · Are they having fun? **SUGGESTED** · Modify area, numbers or equipment to create more intensity. **CHANGES**



Players with a football experiment with different ways to juggle the ball using various parts of their body.

SESSION 10

EQUIPMENT

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

• 1 football per player

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • All players have a ball and spread out randomly in the playing area. Playing • Demonstrate how to drop the ball on the ground, lightly kick it and catch it; • Ask 'How many times can you drop, kick and catch your ball in a row?'; • Players can experiment with different types of juggling including: - drop onto thigh and catch; - foot to foot; - catch the ball on the right foot while balancing on the left foot.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are players achieving success?Is it too hard or too easy?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	 Players to attempt to kick the ball no higher than eye level; Players to drop the ball straight onto their foot; Try and use both feet.











Players in a circle pass a ball to one another. Once the ball is passed the player moves to where they passed it. Play in groups of 5.

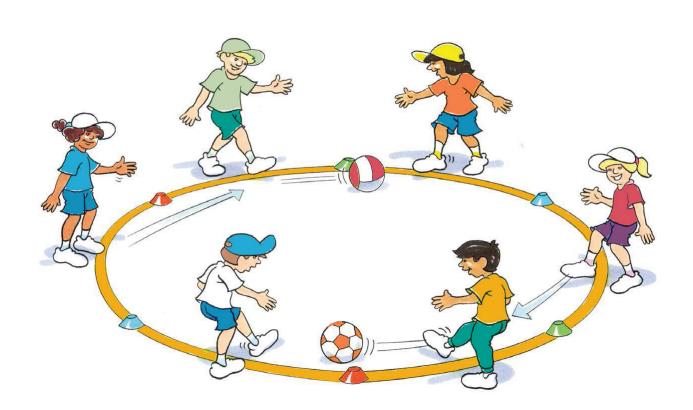
SESSION 10

EQUIPMENT

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

• 1 ball per group

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Players in small groups stand in a circle with 1 ball per group.
	 Playing Players pass the ball to another player not directly beside them, then follow their pass and stand directly behind the player they passed it to;
	 The player who receives the ball passes it to another player and follows their pass; Once players have the hang of it, see how many passes they can complete in 1 minute.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	 Are the passes accurate? Is everyone getting a go?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	Increase/decrease the size of the circle;Players pass with non-dominant foot.
	Passing the ball, First touch





2 or more teams working in parallel pass balls at a target ball and try to move the target ball over a goal line.(4 or more players.)

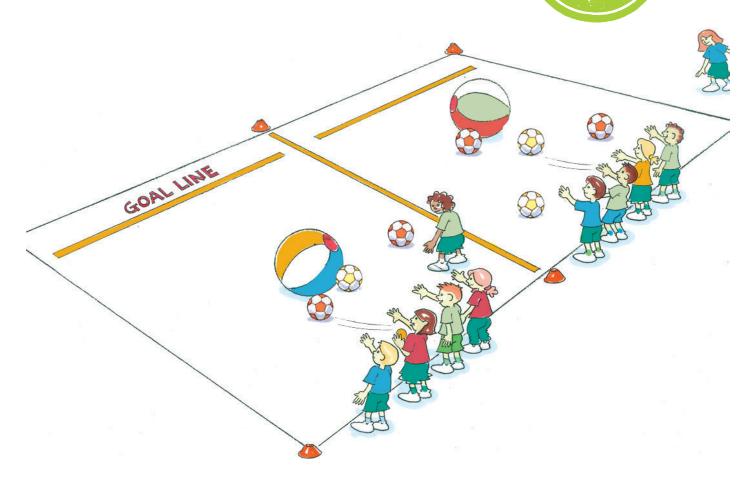
SESSION 10

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 Playing area about the size of a volleyball court divided into separate areas, 2 balls per player where possible, ball to use as target

WHAT TO DO Setting Up • Target balls are placed 2–3 metres from the start line; • Teams move in parallel and in the same direction. Playing • Players pass their balls at the target and try to get it to roll over the goal line; • If necessary pause the game to allow players to retrieve their balls before having another attempt; • Allow timeouts for teams to discuss tactics. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Is the objective being achieved? • Are all players having success? SUGGESTED CHANGES • Introduce more targets; • Move teams around so they are facing each other. Objective: Passing the ball





4v4 or 5v5 – the playing area has a score line at each end. The team with the ball aims to pass or dribble the ball into their opponents' end zone line.

SESSION 10

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area 20m x 30m, 1 ball per game, bibs/braids to differentiate teams

Setting Up • Set up field with goal zones and separate teams.
Playing Playing Players are to work as a team to try and get the ball into their opponents' end zone; To cook the ball result he stooped incide the boundaries of the and zone.
 To score, the ball must be stopped inside the boundaries of the end zone; After scoring the opposing team starts with the ball at half way.
Are players using passes to try and score?Is everyone engaged?
Defending team can only walk; Add another ball to increase player involvement. Objective: Passing the ball, First touch 1vi





The Program Leader asks questions to reinforce the key skills from the session.

SESSION 10

• END / 5 MINUTES

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- What part of your foot can you use to control the ball?
- Why is it important to have a good first touch?
- Which part of the foot can we use to get more power in our passes?





SESSION 11

OBJECTIVE

Running with the ball, passing the ball.

SAFETY	Refer to 'Golden Rules of Safety' section of this manual
AREA	Suitable for indoor gym or outdoor area 30 metres by 20 metres
EQUIPMENT	1 football per player; 1 set of marker cones (30); team bibs or sashes; 4 pop up goals
ACTIVITIES (45 MINUTES)	Octopus Football (5 minutes) Dribble and Steal (5 minutes) Dribblers and Robbers (10 minutes) Boundary Pass (10 minutes) Four Goal Football (10 minutes) What's ahead? (5 minutes) Seek feedback on your participants, parents and Program Managers.





Players with a football each attempt to run over the opposite goal line. An 'octopus' stands in the centre of the pitch and attempts to tag players as they cross. When tagged, players must freeze on the spot and attempt to tag other players running with a ball.

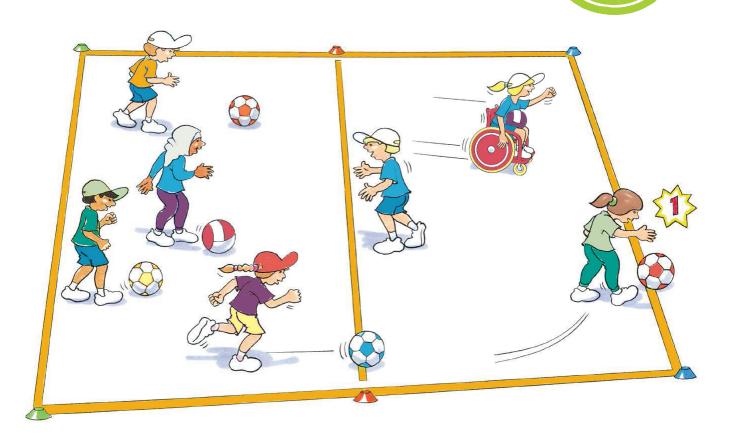
SESSION 11

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• Marker cones to define playing area, 1 ball per player

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · One player starts as the octopus; · All other players start with a ball behind the goal line. **Playing** · On the octopus's signal, players attempt to cross the pitch by running with their ball and avoid being tagged by the octopus; • Tagged players must freeze on the spot and hold their ball under their foot; however they can tag other players that run past; • The last player to successfully cross the pitch without being tagged wins. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players keeping the ball under control? • Are all players achieving success? **SUGGESTED** · Add an extra octopus to increase challenge; **CHANGES** · Add bonus points for tricks and turns.





Teams try to collect their opponents' balls and return them to their own half.

SESSION 11

• BEGINNING / 5 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 Marker cones to define playing area, 1 ball per game, bibs/braids to differentiate teams

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Organise players into two even teams, each in separate halves of the playing area; • Place a number of balls behind each goal line. **Playing** • Players try and steal the other team's balls and dribble them to their own half without being dispossessed by the other team; · Assign one player from each team to be the defender to try and stop the other team from reaching their goal line. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players able to change direction and keep the ball? • Is the game challenging enough? **SUGGESTED** • Players are awarded bonus points for tricks; **CHANGES** · Add extra defenders to increase the challenge.



Players (dribblers) with a football move around the area. One or two players are robbers and attempt to intercept dribblers' balls without making body contact.

SESSION 11

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

· Marker cones to define playing area, 1 football per player

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** · One or two players are robbers and start without a ball. All other players (dribblers) spread out in the playing area with a ball each. **Playing** • On your signal, robbers attempt to win possession of a player's ball; • When a robber wins possession of a ball, they score a point and give the ball back to the dribbler; • Robbers cannot steal the ball from the same dribbler twice in a row; · Play continues until you call 'Time!'; · Robbers count total score at the end of the game. WHAT TO LOOK FOR • Are players keeping control of the ball? · Is it too easy for the robbers? • Increase/decrease the number of robbers; **SUGGESTED CHANGES** • Change the size of the area to create more space for dribblers.





In pairs, players try to make as many passes to each other as they can in 60 seconds. To add a challenge, every pass has to be across a different boundary line.

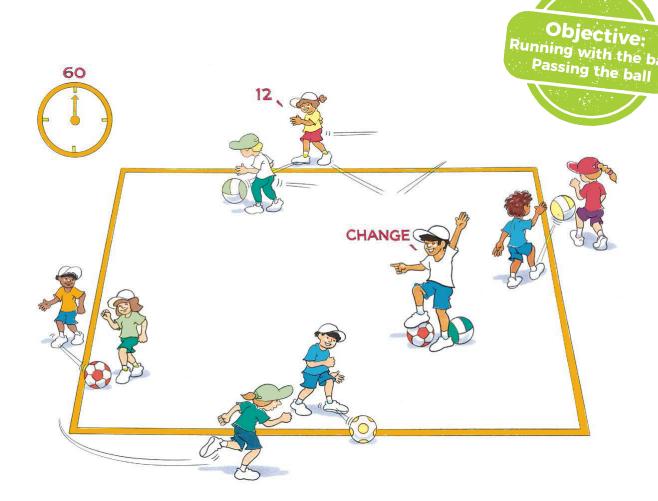
SESSION 11

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per pair; 1 set of marker cones (30)

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Pairs start within the marked area near the centre. **Playing** · On your signal, pairs move in the same direction and pass the ball to each other across the boundary lines; • Pairs score one point for each pass they make within the time limit; • The activity can be repeated with pairs attempting to beat their score while running in the opposite direction. WHAT TO LOOK FOR · Are all players engaged? · How can you increase or decrease the challenge? **SUGGESTED** • Introduce a defender to try and intercept passes; **CHANGES** · Bonus points for one-touch passing; · Place a cone in the middle, before moving to the next boundary the player with the ball must dribble around the cone.





Teams play a modified game of football on a pitch with four goals. There are no goal keepers and no offside. The rules on how to score can be determined by the Program Leader or players to increase fun and participation. Play with 4 to 5 per team.

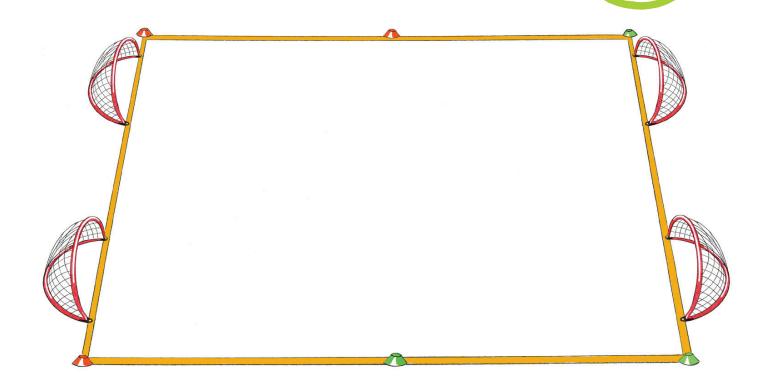
SESSION 11

• MIDDLE / 15 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per game; team bibs or sashes; 1 set of marker cones (30); pop up goals (optional)

WHAT TO DO	Setting Up • Form teams (teams self-referee); • All players must be in their own half for the start and re-start of the game (after a goal). Playing • Play starts with a pass forward from the middle of the half-way line;
	A minimum of two players on the team must have touched the ball before a goal can be scored.
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	Are all players involved?Are players having fun?
SUGGESTED	Bonus points for passes before scoring;
CHANGES	Players can only shoot from within a certain distance to goal;
	Restrict number of touches per player;
	Adjust area to create more/less space. Objective:





The Program Leader provides a brief outline of what will be taking place in the final session

SESSION 11

• END / 5 MINUTES

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- What the players have liked most about the sessions?
- · What to expect in the final session next week?
- The positives from the session.





SESSION 12

OBJECTIVE

Combine all the skills into football games. Have fun.





On the Program Leader's signal, players in pairs pass a football to each other three times between a gate, then move to other gates to repeat the activity — continue for 30 seconds. Pairs score a point for each gate they pass a ball through.

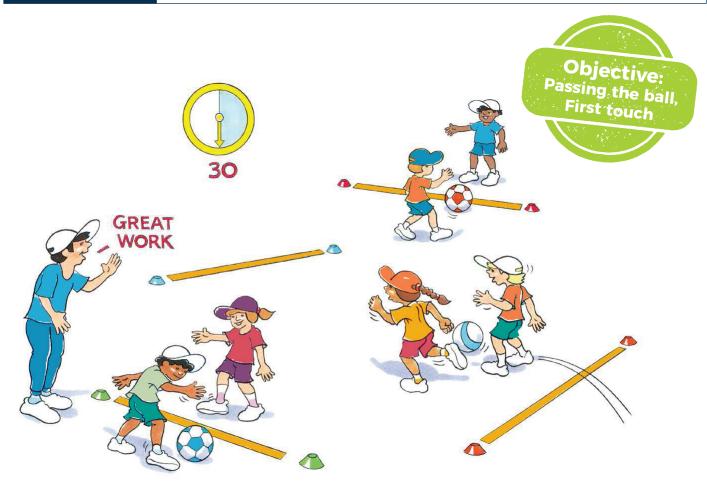
SESSION 12

• BEGINNING / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

• 1 football per pair; 1 set of marker cones (30); 1 stopwatch or clock

WHAT TO DO	 Setting Up Players set up a gate within the playing area and face each other with a ball. Playing On your signal, pairs pass a ball three times to each other, then run with the ball to a free gate and repeat the activity; Continue for 30 seconds until you call 'Stop!'; Pairs score one point for each gate they pass the ball through three times;
WHAT TO LOOK FOR	 Repeat the activity with pairs trying to beat their own score. Where can they stand to make the passes easier/harder; Are they improving after each round?
SUGGESTED CHANGES	 Make the gates smaller to improve accuracy; After 5 passes the player with the ball remains at the gate whilst the other player finds a new partner.





Teams of 4v4 or 5v5 play a game of football on a small pitch. No goalkeepers, no offside.

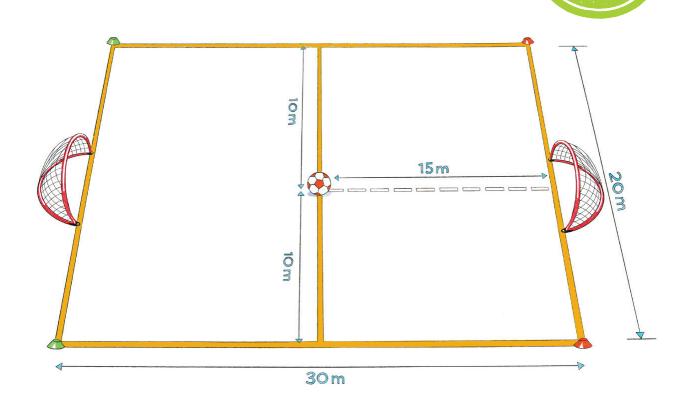
SESSION 12

• MIDDLE / 10 MINUTES

EQUIPMENT

 1 size 3 football or similar per game; 1 spare football per game; team bibs or sashes; 1 set of marker cones (30); 2 pop up goals or marker cones

WHAT TO DO **Setting Up** • Create a pitch suitable for the area and ability of players (maximum of 30 metres by 20 metres); • Form two teams of four players, no goalkeepers; · All players must be in their own half for the start and re-start of the game (after a goal); • Opponents must be five metres away from the ball until it is in play. **Playing** • Play starts with a pass forward to a team-mate from the middle of the halfway line; · A goal (one point) is scored when the whole ball passes over the goal line between the goals. WHAT TO LOOK FOR · Is everyone engaged? · Are they all having fun; • Is it safe? **SUGGESTED** · Modify area, rules, equipment and scoring to ensure everyone is involved and the objective is being achieved. **CHANGES**





The Program Leader provides a brief explanation about how players can continue to engage in MiniRoos at their local club. If you are continuing for 8, 10, or 12 sessions this may not be necessary yet.

SESSION 12

• END / 5 MINUTES

PROGRAM LEADER ASKS

- This was our last SESSION. Who wants to keep playing MiniRoos? OR
- This was our last SESSION and we have visitors here from the local junior football club. Who wants to join a club?



Acknowledgements

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Bondi Beach OSHC

Baulkham Hills North PS

References

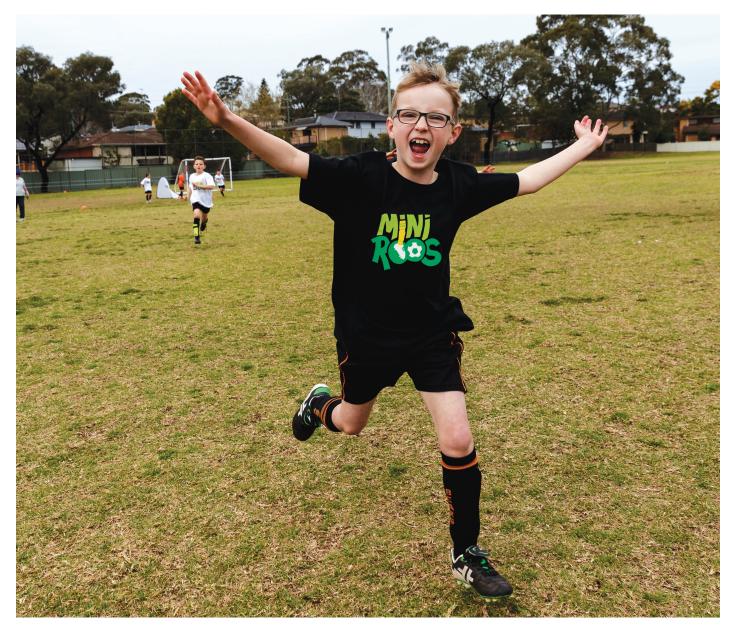
- · 'Football for Kids', Football Federation Australia, 2011
- 'Playing for Life Football', Australian Sports
 Commission, 2013
- 'Playing for Life', Australian Sports Commission Resource Kit
- 'FFA National Curriculum', Football Federation Australia, 2013

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